



**EMCOR GROUP, INC.**  
301 Merritt Seven  
Norwalk, Connecticut 06851

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**NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING**

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To the Stockholders of EMCOR Group, Inc.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of EMCOR Group, Inc. will be held in the Campbell Room, The New York Palace Hotel, 455 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, on Wednesday, June 1, 2011 at 10:00 A.M. (local time) for the following purposes:

1. To elect ten directors to serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.
2. To consider a non-binding advisory resolution approving executive compensation.
3. To consider a non-binding advisory resolution on the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation.
4. To ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors for 2011.
5. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on April 6, 2011 as the record date for determination of stockholders entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, our Annual Meeting and any adjournment thereof.

**Your attention is respectfully directed to the accompanying Proxy Statement.**

By Order of the Board of Directors

Sheldon I. Cammaker  
*Corporate Secretary*

Norwalk, Connecticut

April 21, 2011





EMCOR GROUP, INC.

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**PROXY STATEMENT**

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**QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE 2011 ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**

**What is the purpose of this Proxy Statement?**

The EMCOR Board of Directors is soliciting proxies from holders of our Common Stock to vote on the items to be considered at the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the “Annual Meeting”), which will be held on June 1, 2011.

**What is the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials?**

We have elected to provide access to our proxy materials on the Internet, consistent with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, we are mailing a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials to our stockholders. You can access our proxy materials on the website referred to in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials or you may request printed versions of our proxy materials for the Annual Meeting. Instructions on how to access our proxy materials on the Internet or to request printed versions are provided in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials. In addition, you may request to receive proxy materials in printed form by mail or electronically by email on an ongoing basis.

The Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials is a document that:

- Indicates that our Notice of 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement and our 2010 Annual Report are available at [www.proxyvote.com](http://www.proxyvote.com);
- Provides instructions on how holders of our Common Stock may vote their shares; and
- Indicates how holders of our Common Stock may request printed copies of these materials, including the proxy card or a voting instruction form.

We will begin distributing the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials on or about April 21, 2011.

**What items of business will be voted on at the Annual Meeting?**

At the meeting, we will:

1. Vote for the election of 10 directors;
2. Consider a non-binding advisory resolution approving executive compensation, as described in the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis”, executive compensation tables, and accompanying narrative disclosures below;
3. Consider a non-binding advisory resolution on the frequency of an advisory stockholder resolution on executive compensation; and
4. Consider the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP to serve as our independent auditors for 2011.

**Who is entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting?**

Holders of our Common Stock as of the record date of April 6, 2011 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting and any postponement or adjournment of the meeting.

**How does the Board of Directors recommend holders of Common Stock vote on the business of the meeting?**

The Board of Directors recommends stockholders vote their shares:

1. “FOR” the election of each of the 10 director nominees identified in this proxy statement;
2. “FOR” the adoption of the advisory resolution approving executive compensation;
3. In favor of holding an advisory vote on executive compensation “EVERY YEAR”; and
4. “FOR” the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP to serve as our independent auditors for 2011.

**How many shares can vote at the Annual Meeting?**

At the close of business on April 6, 2011, we had 66,846,445 shares of Common Stock outstanding, and each of those shares is entitled to one vote.

**How many shares must be present or represented at the Annual Meeting to conduct business?**

Under our Amended and Restated Bylaws, the holders of a majority of our shares of Common Stock outstanding on the record date, present in person or by proxy at the Annual Meeting, constitute a quorum to conduct business at the Annual Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be treated as present for purposes of determining a quorum.

**What vote is required to approve each of the items of business?**

Election of directors is by a plurality of the votes cast. This means that the ten individuals nominated for the election to the Board of Directors who receive the most “FOR” votes (among votes properly cast in person or by proxy) will be elected.

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of our Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Annual Meeting and entitled to vote is required to approve Item 4 listed above and any other matter that may properly come before the meeting.

Because Item 2 asks for a non-binding, advisory vote, there is no “required vote” that would constitute approval. We value the opinions expressed by our stockholders on this advisory vote, and our Board of Directors’ Compensation and Personnel Committee, which is responsible for overseeing and administering our executive compensation programs, will consider the outcome of the vote when designing our compensation programs and making future compensation decisions for our named executive officers. Abstentions and broker non-votes, if any, will not have any effect on the results of those deliberations.

Item 3 also calls for a non-binding, advisory vote. Our Board of Directors has recommended an annual vote. However, if another frequency receives more votes, our Board of Directors will take that fact into account when making its decision on how often to hold executive compensation advisory votes. Abstentions and broker non-votes, if any, will not have any effect on the results of those deliberations.

The Board recommends a vote “FOR” each of the nominees listed in this proxy statement for director, “FOR” approval of the compensation of our named executive officers, and “FOR” ratification of Ernst & Young as our independent auditors for 2011. The Board further recommends a vote for an advisory vote “EVERY YEAR” to approve executive compensation.

## **How can I vote my shares at the Annual Meeting?**

### ***Voting by Proxy***

Holders of our Common Stock may submit a proxy by:

- following the instructions on the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, proxy card or voting instruction form to vote by telephone or the Internet; or
- completing, signing, dating and returning the proxy card or voting instruction form by mail.

Anthony J. Guzzi, Sheldon I. Cammaker and Mark A. Pompa (the “proxy holders”) have been designated by our Board of Directors to vote the shares represented by proxy at the Annual Meeting. Messrs. Guzzi, Cammaker and Pompa are executive officers of the Company, and Mr. Guzzi is also a director nominee.

- The proxy holders will vote the shares represented by your valid and timely received proxy in accordance with your instructions.
- If you do not specify instructions on your proxy when you submit it, the proxy holders will vote the shares represented by the proxy in accordance with the recommendations of our Board of Directors on each item of business listed above.
- If any other matter properly comes before the Annual Meeting, the proxy holders will vote the shares represented by proxy on that matter in their discretion.

***If your shares are held in a brokerage account in your broker’s name or in the name of a bank or other nominee (this is called “street name”), please follow the voting instructions provided by your bank, broker or other nominee. In most cases, you may submit voting instructions by telephone or by Internet to your bank, broker or other nominee, or you can sign, date and return a voting instruction form to your bank, broker or other nominee. If you provide specific voting instructions by telephone, by Internet or by mail, your bank, broker or other nominee must vote your shares as you have directed. If you wish to vote in person at the Annual Meeting, you must request a legal proxy from your bank, broker or other nominee.***

### ***Voting other than by Proxy***

While we encourage voting in advance by proxy, record holders of our Common Stock also have the option of voting their shares in person at the Annual Meeting.

## **Can I change my vote or revoke my proxy after I return my proxy card?**

You may change your vote or revoke your proxy before the proxy is voted at the Annual Meeting by:

- sending written notice to Corporate Secretary, EMCOR Group, Inc., 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, CT 06851;
- timely delivery of a valid later-dated proxy or a later-dated vote by telephone or on the Internet; or
- if you are a record holder, attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person.

If you are a beneficial owner of shares, you may submit new voting instructions by contacting your broker or other holder of record.

## **What effect do abstentions and broker non-votes have on the items of business?**

An abstention on Item 4 identified above will have the effect of a vote against that Item. An abstention on Item 1, 2 or 3 identified above will have no effect on the voting results for that Item.

Broker non-votes may occur because certain beneficial holders of our Common Stock hold their shares in “street name” through a broker or other nominee, which is a member of the New York Stock Exchange. Under the rules of the New York Stock Exchange, the only Item to be acted upon at our Annual Meeting with respect to which the broker or such nominee will be permitted to exercise voting discretion is Item 4, the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP to serve as our

independent auditors for 2011. Therefore, if a beneficial holder of our Common Stock does not give the broker or nominee specific voting instructions on Items 1, 2, or 3, the holder's shares will not be voted on those Items and a broker non-vote will occur. Broker non-votes will have no effect on the voting results for such Items.

**Who will count the votes?**

We have retained Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. for the receipt, validation and tabulation of the votes at the Annual Meeting.

**Where can I find the voting results of the Annual Meeting?**

We will publish the results of the voting in a Current Report on Form 8-K within four business days of the Annual Meeting.

The approximate date on which this proxy statement and the accompanying proxy are being first sent or given to stockholders is April 21, 2011.

**What is Householding?**

Stockholders of record who have the same last name and address and who request paper copies of the proxy materials will receive only one copy unless one or more of them notifies us that they wish to receive individual copies. We agree to delivery promptly, upon written or oral request, a set of proxy materials, as requested, to any stockholder at the shared address to which a single copy of those documents was delivered. Stockholders will continue to receive separate proxy cards. If you prefer to receive separate copies of the proxy materials, contact Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. at 800-542-1061 or in writing to Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc., Householding Department, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, New York 11717.

**COMPANY INFORMATION AND MAILING ADDRESS**

We are a Delaware corporation. Our mailing address is EMCOR Group, Inc., 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, CT 06851, and our telephone number is (203) 849-7800. Our website address is [www.emcorgroup.com](http://www.emcorgroup.com). References in this proxy statement to "EMCOR," "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to EMCOR Group, Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. Information on our website is not intended to be incorporated into this proxy statement.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have a long history of good corporate governance practices that has greatly aided our long-term success. Our Board of Directors, which we sometimes refer to as our “Board”, and our management have recognized for many years the need for sound corporate governance practices in fulfilling their respective duties and responsibilities to our stockholders. Our Board and management have taken numerous steps to enhance our policies and procedures to comply with the corporate governance listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Corporate Governance Guidelines.** Our Corporate Governance Guidelines provide the framework for our governance. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of our Board, which we refer to as the “Corporate Governance Committee”, regularly reviews corporate governance developments and makes recommendations to our Board with respect to suggested modifications to our Corporate Governance Guidelines.

**Independence of Directors.** To assist our Board in determining the independence of each director, our Board has adopted categorical Standards for Determining Director Independence, a copy of which is attached to this Proxy Statement as Exhibit A and available at our website at [www.emcorgroup.com](http://www.emcorgroup.com). To be considered independent our Board must affirmatively determine that the director has no material relationship with us. Our Board has determined that eight of our ten directors, including all members of the Audit Committee of our Board, which we refer to as the “Audit Committee”, the Compensation and Personnel Committee of our Board, which we refer to as the “Compensation Committee”, and the Corporate Governance Committee of our Board are “independent”, as defined by the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange and all applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for purposes of Rule 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. These eight directors are: Stephen W. Bershada, David A. B. Brown, Larry J. Bump, Albert Fried, Jr., Richard F. Hamm, Jr., David H. Laidley, Jerry E. Ryan, and Michael T. Yonker. The other two directors are Frank T. MacInnis, Chairman of our Board and formerly our Chief Executive Officer who is currently an employee of the Company, and Anthony J. Guzzi, our President and Chief Executive Officer, and, accordingly, are not considered independent.

**Executive Sessions of the Board.** At each regularly scheduled meeting of the Board, non-management directors meet without any Company representatives present. The chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Corporate Governance Committee rotate presiding over those executive sessions.

**Board Leadership Structure.** The Company has no formal policy regarding the leadership structure of the Company. Mr. Frank T. MacInnis has served as Chairman of our Board since April 1994. From April 1994 to January 3, 2011, Mr. MacInnis was also our Chief Executive Officer. Our Board believes the Company and its stockholders are best served by having Mr. MacInnis continue as Chairman. In this capacity, he can serve as a bridge between the Board and management. As Chairman, Mr. MacInnis presides at meetings of our Board of Directors. In addition, he sets the agenda for our Board meetings in collaboration with our Chief Executive Officer and recommends Board committee appointments and responsibilities in conjunction with the Corporate Governance Committee.

The Company does not have a lead director but, as indicated above, a chairperson of each committee of the Board presides on a rotating basis over regular executive sessions of the non-management members of the Board. Members of management do not attend those sessions. The Board believes that those executive sessions, together with its strong committee system and substantial majority of independent directors, allow the Board to maintain effective oversight of management.

**Board Committee Charters.** Our Board has adopted written charters for its Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Corporate Governance Committee. At least annually, each committee reviews its charter and recommends any proposed changes to the Board for approval. A copy of the charter of each committee is available on our website at [www.emcorgroup.com](http://www.emcorgroup.com).

**Standards of Conduct.** Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics applies to all of our directors, officers and employees and those of our subsidiaries. In addition, our Board has adopted a separate

Code of Ethics for our Chief Executive Officer and senior financial officers which imposes additional ethical obligations upon them.

***Stockholder Communications.*** Stockholders and other interested persons may communicate with members of our Board as a group, or with one or more members of our Board (including non-management directors as a group), by writing to them c/o EMCOR Group, Inc., 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, Connecticut 06851, Attention: Corporate Secretary. Such communications will be forwarded to the individuals addressed. However, the Corporate Secretary will not forward communications to the Board that advocate illegal activity, are offensive or lewd, have no relevance to the business or operations of the Company, or constitute mass mailings, solicitations or advertisements. The Corporate Secretary will determine when a communication is not to be forwarded.

***Policies and Procedures for Related Party Transactions.*** Under our written policy regarding transactions with related parties, which policy is contained in our Corporate Governance Guidelines, we generally require that any transaction involving \$60,000 or more be approved in advance by our Board or a committee of our Board if we are, or one of our subsidiaries is, a participant in the transaction and if any of the following persons has a direct or indirect material interest in the transaction:

- an executive officer;
- a director;
- a beneficial holder of 5% or more of our Common Stock, which we refer to as a “Significant Holder”;
- an immediate family member of an executive officer, director or Significant Holder; or
- an entity which is owned or controlled by one of the above persons or in which one of the above persons has a substantial ownership interest.

We refer to each of the foregoing as a “Related Party”.

The member of the Board who or whose immediate family member has an interest in the transaction may not participate in the Board approval process. The Related Party must disclose any such proposed transaction, and all material facts relating to the transaction, to the Chairman of our Audit Committee and our General Counsel who is to communicate such information to our Board for its consideration. No such transaction is to be approved unless it is determined that the transaction is in, or is not inconsistent with, our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders.

However, if the transaction principally involves the provision of products and services by one of our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of its business to a Significant Holder, an immediate family member of a Significant Holder, or an entity owned or controlled by a Significant Holder or in which a Significant Holder or an immediate family member of a Significant Holder has a substantial ownership interest, the transaction does not need to be approved by the Board or a Board committee.

In order to ensure that material relationships and Related Party transactions have been identified, reviewed and disclosed in accordance with applicable policies and procedures, each director and executive officer also completes a questionnaire at the end of each fiscal year that requests confirmation that there are no material relationships or Related Party transactions between such individual and the Company other than those previously disclosed to the Company.

During the period from January 1, 2010 and ending April 21, 2011, there were only two transactions in which the Company, or any of our subsidiaries, was or is to be a participant and in which any Related Party had or will have a direct or indirect material interest required to be approved by the Board or a Board committee. Those two transactions in which a Related Party (Mr. MacInnis) had a material interest is described below on page 45 under “Interested Transactions”.

***Availability of Corporate Governance Materials.*** Our categorical Standards for Determining Director Independence, Corporate Governance Guidelines, including policies and procedures for Related Party Transactions, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Code of Ethics for our Chief Executive Officer and senior financial officers, and other corporate governance materials may be obtained at our

website at [www.emcorgroup.com](http://www.emcorgroup.com) or by writing to us at 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, Connecticut 06851, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

## MEETINGS AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During 2010, our Board met seven times, and committees of our Board held an aggregate of 17 meetings. Each director attended at least 75% of the meetings of our Board and committees on which he served during 2010. As provided in our Corporate Governance Guidelines, all directors are expected to attend all annual meetings of stockholders, and all but one director attended the 2010 annual meeting of stockholders.

Our Board has standing Audit, Compensation, and Corporate Governance Committees comprised solely of independent directors as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. The members and the principal responsibilities of these committees are as follows:

The Audit Committee, established in accordance with the rules of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is comprised of Messrs. Bershad, Brown, Hamm and Laidley. Among other things, it is responsible for:

- engaging (subject to ratification by stockholders), overseeing, and discharging our independent auditors;
- setting our independent auditors' fees;
- reviewing the scope and audit procedures of our independent auditors;
- approving audit and permitted non-audit services;
- reviewing with management and our independent auditors our annual and quarterly financial statements;
- receiving periodic reports from our independent auditors and management regarding the auditors' independence;
- meeting with our management and independent auditors on matters relating to, among other things, major issues regarding accounting principles and practices and financial statement presentation, and the adequacy of our internal audit controls; and
- reviewing our internal auditing and accounting personnel.

The Audit Committee met five times during 2010. Our Board has determined that each of the members of the Audit Committee, Messrs. Bershad, Brown, Hamm and Laidley, are "audit committee financial experts", within the meaning of the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Compensation Committee is comprised of Messrs. Bershad, Bump, Fried, Laidley, Ryan and Yonker. It is responsible for:

- overseeing the evaluation of our management and reviewing and advising our Board regarding the qualifications of individuals identified as candidates for positions as our chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, and general counsel and for the position of chief executive officer of each subsidiary whose proposed annual base salary is \$400,000 or more;
- reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation for our Chief Executive Officer, evaluating our Chief Executive Officer's performance in light of those goals and objectives and, together with the other independent directors, determining our Chief Executive Officer's compensation based on this evaluation;
- reviewing and approving, based on proposals made by our Chief Executive Officer, compensation for our executive officers as well as the compensation for each of our and our subsidiaries' other officers and employees whose proposed annual base salary is \$400,000 or more and for approving, together with the other independent directors, any employment, severance or similar contracts for our and our subsidiaries' officers and employees whose proposed annual base salary is \$400,000 or more; and

- making recommendations to our Board with respect to incentive compensation plans for our officers and other employees, and administering those plans and reviewing executive development plans.

During 2010, the Compensation Committee held eight meetings.

Each year the Compensation Committee reviews the annual salaries of, and considers annual incentive awards for, our Chief Executive Officer and our other executive officers, each of whom is referred to in the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Years 2010, 2009 and 2008 on page 21, which we refer to as the “Summary Compensation Table”. It also reviews the annual salary of each of our and our subsidiaries’ other officers and employees whose proposed annual base salary is \$400,000 or more. Our Chief Executive Officer participates in portions of the Compensation Committee’s meetings to make recommendations to the Compensation Committee for salary adjustments for those individuals and for the payment of annual incentive awards to our Chief Executive Officer and our other executive officers, who we refer to collectively as the “named executive officers”. Annual incentive awards for our named executive officers are based upon our performance in meeting pre-established financial objectives during our most recently completed year and an evaluation of the individual executive’s performance in meeting his pre-established personal goals and objectives for the most recently completed year. Our Chief Executive Officer participates in a portion of the meetings of our Compensation Committee and our entire Board during which various compensation issues are discussed. The Compensation Committee considers our Chief Executive Officer’s recommendations regarding salary adjustments and payment of annual incentive awards, arrives at its own recommendations, and then with the participation of the other independent directors, makes its determination regarding salary adjustments and payment of annual incentive awards. The final determination regarding salary adjustments and payment of annual incentive awards are made at meetings without any members of management present.

Annually, during the first quarter of each year, the Compensation Committee establishes that year’s objectives for our financial performance and the personal goals and objectives for each of the named executive officers, upon which the payment of that year’s annual incentive awards for the executive may be based, and the targeted annual incentive awards for each such executive. Those criteria and targeted annual incentive awards are recommended by our Chief Executive Officer, and are reviewed by and ultimately established by the Compensation Committee, together with the participation of the other independent directors. When incentive compensation plans for our named executive officers and other senior executives have been established, those plans have been proposed by management, reviewed by the Compensation Committee, and, at times, reviewed by Mercer, which we refer to as “Mercer”. Mercer is a compensation consultant that the Compensation Committee has engaged annually commencing in 2006 to advise the Compensation Committee with regard to the amount and form of compensation for our named executive officers and to review compensation plans for them and, from time to time, to advise the Corporate Governance Committee with regard to the amount and form of compensation for our Board. Mercer reviews the salaries and other compensation we pay to our named executive officers so that it may advise the Compensation Committee whether compensation paid to those executives is competitive with that paid to executives holding comparable positions at Mercer-selected companies, which are large public construction and facilities management companies and with which we may compete for management talent. Mercer also reports upon its assessment of the appropriateness and fairness of our compensation plans when compared to compensation plans for comparable executives at those comparable companies. For 2010, we paid Mercer approximately \$60,000 for its services to the Compensation Committee. Mercer is a wholly owned subsidiary of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. (“Marsh”). We also use Mercer and other Marsh subsidiaries (“Other Marsh Subsidiaries”) for consulting on pension related matters, including actuarial services, and for insurance broking and risk consulting. We have paid Mercer and Other Marsh Subsidiaries an aggregate of approximately \$1,109,000 for those services provided to us in 2010. Mercer has been retained for pension related matters, and Other Marsh Subsidiaries have been retained, on behalf of the Company by management, since 1987 and their retention is not subject to Board or Compensation Committee approval.

Our Long Term Incentive Plan, which we refer to as the “LTIP”, provides the methodology for computing the number of stock units annually granted to executives participating in the LTIP. Grants of LTIP cash awards are, as set forth in the LTIP, based upon us achieving an earnings per share objective for a measurement period of three years. The earnings per share objectives for measurement periods are, in accordance with the LTIP, set by the Compensation Committee after receiving recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer. The LTIP was proposed by management, reviewed by Mercer and, after review and modification by the Compensation Committee, approved by it and the other independent directors. The LTIP is further discussed commencing on page 15 in the Section entitled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” and in the Section entitled “Long Term Incentive Plan” commencing on page 22 which follows the Summary Compensation Table on page 21.

The Corporate Governance Committee, comprised of Messrs. Brown, Bump, Fried, Hamm, Ryan, and Yonker, is charged with:

- leading the search for individuals qualified to become members of our Board, consistent with criteria approved by the Board and set forth in our Corporate Governance Guidelines;
- recommending to the Board nominees for election to the Board;
- developing and overseeing an annual self-evaluation process for the Board and its committees;
- making recommendations with respect to:
  - corporate governance guidelines;
  - compensation and benefits for non-employee directors; and
  - matters relating to Board members’ retirement and removal, the number, function and membership of Board committees, director and officer liability insurance, and indemnity agreements between us and our officers and directors;
- reviewing with management the Company’s enterprise risk assessment policies, including the process by which enterprise risk is managed and major risk exposures are identified; in this connection the Corporate Governance Committee receives periodic reports from senior management and our internal auditors relating to risk assessment and risk management.

During 2010, the Corporate Governance Committee held four meetings.

The Corporate Governance Committee annually reviews compensation and other benefits for non-employee members of our Board. When the Corporate Governance Committee determines that a change in director compensation or benefits is appropriate, it submits such recommendation to the Board for its approval. In the past, when it has considered the amount and form of Board compensation, it has sought the advice of Mercer. No change in compensation or benefits for directors was made in the 2010 calendar year

### **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DIRECTOR CANDIDATES**

The Corporate Governance Committee will consider recommendations for candidates for Board membership suggested by Corporate Governance Committee members, other members of our Board, and stockholders. A stockholder who wishes the Corporate Governance Committee to consider his/her recommendations for nominees for the position of director should submit his/her recommendations in writing to the Corporate Governance Committee, c/o Corporate Secretary, EMCOR Group, Inc., 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, Connecticut 06851, together with whatever supporting material the stockholder considers appropriate. The material, at a minimum, should include such background and biographical material as will enable the Corporate Governance Committee to make an initial determination as to whether the prospective nominee satisfies the criteria for directors set out in our Corporate Governance Guidelines. The Corporate Governance Guidelines are available at our website at [www.emcorgroup.com](http://www.emcorgroup.com). A stockholder may also nominate director candidates by complying with our bylaw provisions discussed commencing on page 45 under “Other Matters”—“Stockholder Proposals.”

If the Corporate Governance Committee identifies a need to replace a current member of our Board, to fill a vacancy in our Board, or to expand the size of our Board, the process to be followed by the committee to identify and evaluate candidates includes:

- consideration of those individuals recommended by stockholders as candidates for Board membership and those individuals recommended in response to requests for recommendations made of Board members and others, including those suggested by any third party executive search firm retained by the Corporate Governance Committee, from time to time;
- meeting, from time to time, to evaluate biographical information and background material relating to candidates; and
- interviews of selected candidates by members of the Corporate Governance Committee.

As provided in our Corporate Governance Guidelines, in its assessment of each potential candidate, the Corporate Governance Committee is to consider the candidate's achievements in his or her personal career, experience, wisdom, integrity, ability to make independent analytical inquiries, and understanding of the business environment. The Corporate Governance Committee will also take into account the willingness of a candidate to devote adequate time to board duties. The Corporate Governance Committee may also consider any other relevant factors that it may, from time to time, deem appropriate, including the current composition of our Board, the balance of management and independent directors, the need for Audit Committee expertise and the evaluation of all prospective nominees. Candidates have been selected for, among other things, their integrity, independence, diversity of experience, leadership and their ability to exercise sound judgment. Prior experience involving issues relevant to the Company's business are among the most significant criteria. Final approval of a candidate is determined by the full Board. Consistent with our Corporate Governance Guidelines, in selecting nominees to our Board of Directors, the Corporate Governance Committee considers the diversity of skills and experience that a potential nominee possesses and the extent to which such diversity would enhance the perspective, background, knowledge and experience of our Board of Directors as a whole. The Corporate Governance Committee focuses on obtaining a diversity of professional expertise on our Board of Directors rather than a diversity of personal characteristics.

## COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Overview

The objectives of our executive compensation program for our named executive officers, referred to in the Summary Compensation Table on page 21, are to attract, retain and motivate key executives with skills necessary to assure our long-term success. Broadly stated, the purposes of the key components of the program insofar as they relate to named executive officers are:

- to reward named executive officers' expertise and experience;
- to reward named executive officers' performance that drives achievement of our short-term and long-term goals by providing a strong link between pay and performance; and
- to align named executive officers' compensation with the interests of our stockholders.

The executive compensation program uses various compensation elements that are geared to both our short-term and long-term performance. In designing these rewards we have applied the following principles:

- compensation should reinforce our business strategy and long-term stockholder value creation;
- a significant portion of named executive officer total compensation should be tied to achievement of our financial objectives as well as the achievement of the named executive officer's annual individual goals and objectives. When we exceed our financial objectives for the relevant performance period, we reward our named executive officers with incentive awards greater than their respective targeted incentive awards based on financial performance. When our financial performance does not meet the established financial

objectives, our named executive officers receive either no incentive awards based on this criteria or incentive awards that are less than their targeted incentive awards. The Compensation Committee sets the objectives for a particular performance period;

- incentive compensation should reflect both our short-term and long-term financial performance;
- incentives should align the interests of our stockholders and named executive officers by paying a significant portion of incentive awards in equity; and
- incentive awards should serve as a recruitment and retention device so that named executive officers are motivated to join and stay with us.

The key components of our compensation program are:

- base salary and perquisites; the perquisites, which have been provided for more than 10 years, are principally dues reimbursement for a club where the named executive officer can entertain clients and other business contacts, term life insurance, an auto allowance and associated expenses, and a tax “gross up” on these perquisites;
- short-term incentives in the form of annual incentive awards; and
- longer-term incentives under our Long Term Incentive Plan, which we refer to sometimes as the “LTIP” and which is discussed below. These incentives come in the form of:
  - annual awards of stock units representing the right to receive an equal number of shares of our Common Stock which vest generally in three years; and
  - performance-based cash incentive awards based on our financial performance during multi-year measurement periods.

We generally condition a named executive officer’s LTIP incentive awards on his remaining employed with us for three years from the date we grant the awards.

We also maintain a 401(k) savings plan. The 401(k) plan provides retirement benefits to the named executive officers. For 2010, our annual contribution to the 401(k) plan for each named executive officer was \$11,000.

In severance agreements with our named executive officers, we provide special compensation to each in the event his employment is terminated (i) by us without cause or (ii) by the named executive officer for good reason. (We have set forth the definition of the terms “cause” and “good reason” contained in the severance agreements in the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Severance Agreements” commencing on page 27).

The Compensation Committee has principal responsibility for setting the compensation for our named executive officers and other executive officers. To assist the Compensation Committee, annually it retains Mercer as a compensation consultant to review the compensation payable to our named executive officers. The assignments to Mercer have been made by the Chairman of the Compensation Committee. To assist the Compensation Committee in its compensation discussions and decisions, which includes salary levels, targeted annual incentive awards, financial measurements for annual incentive awards and for our LTIP, and LTIP targeted performance-based cash incentive awards for multi-year periods, as discussed below, Mercer presents compensation information compiled from proxy data and Forms 8-K from companies in a comparator group developed by Mercer with input from management. This information includes annual base salary, annual bonuses, long-term incentives, including stock option and restricted stock awards, and targeted long-term incentive performance plan awards.

For 2010, Mercer’s comparator group of companies included the following 16 large public construction and facilities management companies from which we might hire top talent or which might try to recruit our executives.

ABM Industries Incorporated  
AECOM Technology Corporation  
C.B. Richard Ellis Group, Inc.  
Chicago Bridge & Iron, N.V.  
Fluor Corp.  
Foster Wheeler Ltd.  
Granite Construction Incorporated  
Jacobs Engineering Group, Inc.  
Jones Lang LaSalle Incorporated  
KBR, Inc.  
McDermott International, Inc.  
Quanta Services, Inc.  
Republic Services, Inc.  
The Shaw Group Inc.  
Tutor Perini Corporation  
URS Corporation

We refer to these companies as the “Comparator Companies”.

Each year the Compensation Committee reviews the annual salaries of, and considers annual incentive awards for, our Chief Executive Officer and our other named executive officers. It also reviews the annual salaries of our other officers and employees and those of our subsidiaries whose proposed annual base salary is \$400,000 or more. Our Chief Executive Officer participates in portions of the Compensation Committee’s meetings to make recommendations to the Compensation Committee for salary adjustments and for the payment of annual incentive awards. Payments of annual incentive awards for 2010 for the named executive officers are set out in the Summary Compensation Table on page 21 and were based upon our performance in meeting pre-established financial objectives for the year and an evaluation of the individual named executive officer’s performance in meeting his pre-established personal goals and objectives for the year. The Compensation Committee considers our Chief Executive Officer’s recommendations regarding salary adjustments and payment of annual incentive awards, arrives at its own recommendations, and then with the participation of the other independent directors, makes its final determination regarding salary adjustments and payment of annual incentive awards at a meeting without any members of management being present.

Our Chief Executive Officer meets with the Compensation Committee during the first calendar quarter of each year to discuss for that year targeted annual incentive awards for each named executive officer and objectives for our financial performance for the year and personal goals and objectives of each named executive officer for the year upon which the payment of that year’s annual incentive awards may be based. Targeted annual incentive awards for each of our named executive officers for 2011, our 2011 financial goals, and personal goals and objectives for each such executive have been recommended by our Chief Executive Officer, and are reviewed by and ultimately established by the Compensation Committee, together with the participation of the independent directors, at a meeting without any members of management being present.

Because, as discussed below, our annual incentive awards to named executive officers are capped at no more than 250% of annual base salary and our LTIP provides for the award of stock units vesting, generally, over a three year period and the potential of a cash award depending on earnings over a three year period, our Board does not believe its named executive officers are encouraged to take excessive or unnecessary risk. In addition, our Board does not believe that our compensation policies and practices for employees generally are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

## **Annual Base Salary**

Annual base salary serves as a foundation of our compensation program. We determine the other key components of the program with reference to base salary, including annual and long-term incentives and termination payments.

We intend annual base salary and perquisites to reward the expertise and experience and sustained performance of the named executive officers, each of whom (other than Mr. Anthony J. Guzzi, who is our President and recently elected Chief Executive Officer) has been with us for more than fifteen years. Base salaries are reviewed annually, and we have generally increased named executive officer salaries to reflect promotions or increased responsibilities, when appropriate, and to remain competitive with those paid by Comparator Companies.

In May 2010, we announced that effective January 3, 2011, Mr. MacInnis, our Chairman of the Board and then Chief Executive Officer, would retire as Chief Executive Officer, and Mr. Guzzi, our President and Chief Operating Officer, would succeed Mr. MacInnis as Chief Executive Officer. In connection with his change in position, Mr. MacInnis and the Company agreed that Mr. MacInnis would remain in the Company's employ through December 31, 2011 as an advisor to Mr. Guzzi at a salary of \$320,000 per annum. In December 2010, Mr. Guzzi's annual salary was increased to \$950,000.

## **Annual Incentive Program**

An annual incentive award forms a significant element of annual compensation under our compensation program. For more than the past five years named executive officer annual incentive awards have been based, in large part, on pre-established annual financial results emphasizing pay-for-performance. We expect annual incentive awards to motivate our named executive officers to improve performance on an annual basis. Such performance improvements should lead to sustained growth and ultimately to enhanced stockholder value.

Annual incentive awards based upon our financial results are made under our Key Executive Incentive Bonus Plan. For 2010, each named executive officer had a targeted annual incentive award based on 2010 financial results as well as a targeted annual incentive award based on his meeting certain pre-established personal goals and objectives. The maximum potential aggregate annual incentive awards payable for 2010 to Messrs. MacInnis and Guzzi were 250% and 220%, respectively, of their respective 2010 base salaries and to each other named executive officer were 200% of their respective 2010 base salaries. Commencing with 2011, Mr. MacInnis no longer participates in the Key Executive Incentive Bonus Plan, and Mr. Guzzi's maximum potential aggregate incentive award was increased from 220% of his base salary to 250% of his base salary and Mr. Pompa's maximum potential aggregate incentive award was increased from 200% of his base salary to 220% of his base salary. We refer to a named executive's maximum potential aggregate annual incentive awards sometimes as his "Maximum Potential Incentive Award."

For Messrs. MacInnis and Guzzi, their 2010 targeted annual incentive awards, based upon our meeting certain financial measurements for 2010, were 100% and 88%, respectively, of their respective annual base salaries, and for Messrs. Mark A. Pompa, our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Sheldon I. Cammaker, our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, and R. Kevin Matz, our Executive Vice President—Shared Services, their 2010 targeted annual incentive awards, based upon our meeting those 2010 financial measurements, were 80% of their respective 2010 annual base salaries. For 2011, the targeted incentive award based upon our meeting 2011 financial measurements was increased for Mr. Guzzi from 88% of his base salary to 100% of his base salary and for Mr. Pompa from 80% of his base salary to 88% of his base salary. We refer to this targeted annual incentive award sometimes as the "Financial Target Bonus". The exact amount of each Executive's 2010 annual incentive award that we would pay based on our financial performance ranged from 0% to the maximum percentage of his annual base salary indicated in the immediately preceding paragraph, depending on our 2010 earnings per share and the ratio of our 2010 positive operating cash flow to our 2010 operating income. When we refer to earnings per share with respect to our Annual Incentive Program, we mean earnings per share on a fully diluted basis. However, in calculating 2010 and 2011

earnings per share and operating income for purposes of determining annual incentive awards there is to be excluded from such calculations (a) non-cash charges directly associated with the write-down of balance sheet values of assets, (b) investment banking, consulting, legal, and accounting fees and related disbursements directly associated with any proposed or consummated (i) sale or disposition of Company assets or securities or (ii) acquisition or investment, (c) restructuring charges due to a sale or closure of a subsidiary's business, (d) the cumulative effect of any change in accounting principles, (e) for 2010 only, the effect of any changes in statutory tax rates from those in effect on March 29, 2010 and for 2011 only, the effect of any changes in statutory tax rates from then in effect on March 16, 2011. For the purpose of calculating operating cash flow, amounts that are the subject of clauses (a) through (e) above are to be excluded from such calculation. Mr. MacInnis, our Chief Executive Officer during 2010, together with other named executive officers, developed proposed 2010 financial measurements on which to base the payment of annual incentive awards under our Key Executive Incentive Bonus Plan. Mr. MacInnis then proposed to the Compensation Committee the financial measurements. Our Compensation Committee considered the recommendations and established financial measurements for those annual incentive awards in March 2010, taking into account the recommendations of management, our 2010 budget, and annual earnings per share guidance for 2010 that we gave to the equity markets. No annual incentive award based on these financial measurements was to be payable unless we achieved earnings per share for 2010 (adjusted to exclude certain charges as described above in this paragraph, which earnings per share we refer to herein as "adjusted earnings per share") of at least \$1.21 and 2010 positive operating cash flow (adjusted to exclude certain amounts as described above in this paragraph, which cash flow we refer to herein as "adjusted positive operating cash flow") of at least 30% of 2010 operating income (adjusted to exclude certain charges as described above in this paragraph, which operating income we refer to herein as "adjusted operating income"). Consequently, the financial measurements emphasized earnings as well as positive operating cash flow—a measure of quality of earnings—and we linked it to guidance we provided to the equity markets.

In order for a named executive officer to be entitled to his 2010 Financial Target Bonus (a) our 2010 adjusted earnings per share had to be at least \$1.45, the low end of our initial 2010 earnings per share guidance range of \$1.45 to \$1.85 per share that was provided to the equity markets in February 2010, and (b) the ratio of our 2010 adjusted positive operating cash flow to our 2010 adjusted operating income, had to be at least 100%. If adjusted earnings per share were less than \$1.45 but at least \$1.21, each named executive officer's actual annual incentive award that was based on financial measurements would have been less than his Financial Target Bonus in accordance with a matrix adopted by the Compensation Committee, which we refer to as the "Matrix". The Matrix also took into account the amount, if any, by which the ratio of 2010 adjusted positive operating cash flow to 2010 adjusted operating income was less than 100%. If 2010 adjusted earnings per share were in excess of \$1.45, each named executive officer's actual annual incentive award based on financial measurements for 2010 could be greater than or less than his Financial Target Bonus in accordance with the Matrix, depending upon the ratio of adjusted positive operating cash flow to adjusted operating income but could not exceed his Maximum Potential Incentive Award, and as indicated above, if adjusted earnings per share were less than \$1.21, no annual incentive award for 2010 based on financial measurements would be paid to any named executive officer. Furthermore, as indicated above, no such annual incentive awards would be paid if the ratio of our 2010 adjusted positive operating cash flow to 2010 adjusted operating income was less than 30%.

In addition, as indicated above, under our Annual Incentive Program, during the first quarter of each calendar year, our Chief Executive Officer and each other named executive officer agree on the named executive officer's personal goals and objectives for the year, which are in addition to his normal duties and responsibilities. The Compensation Committee reviews those goals and objectives, which are subject to its approval. In the case of our Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation Committee and our Chief Executive Officer agree on his annual personal goals and objectives. Under the program we can pay a named executive officer an annual incentive award based on achieving his annual personal goals and objectives of up to two times a designated percentage of his annual base salary.

Following the end of each year, our Chief Executive Officer reports to the Compensation Committee on our financial results and on how well each named executive officer performed in meeting

his personal goals and objectives, and the Compensation Committee, with the approval of the other independent directors, determines the amount to be paid to each named executive as his annual incentive awards. The determination of these annual incentive awards are made without any member of management present.

For 2010, our adjusted earnings per share were \$1.97, and the ratio of our 2010 adjusted positive operating cash flow to 2010 adjusted operating income was approximately 44% which, in accordance with the 2010 Matrix, permitted payment to each named executive officer the following approximate percentages of his 2010 annual base salary: Mr. MacInnis, 106%; Mr. Guzzi, 93%, and Messrs. Pompa, Cammaker and Matz, each 85%. This was the actual annual incentive award made by the Compensation Committee to each named executive officer for 2010 in respect of our financial performance. In addition, the Compensation Committee made annual incentive awards to the named executive officers based upon achievement of their respective personal goals and objectives. For 2010, Messrs. MacInnis and Guzzi were awarded 50% and 44%, respectively, of their respective 2010 base salaries, and Messrs. Pompa, Cammaker and Matz were each awarded 40% of their respective 2010 base salaries.

Under the terms of the program for 2010, the Compensation Committee could have, in its sole discretion, reduced the payment of any named executive officer's annual incentive award based on financial measurements even though these financial measurements called for payment of the percentages provided for in the Matrix. In the exercise of its discretion the Compensation Committee and the independent members of our Board could have taken into account whatever factors they deemed appropriate in exercising negative discretion and could have awarded a percentage less than that called for by the Matrix. The Compensation Committee, in its sole discretion, also could have awarded in respect of each named officer's personal goals and objectives a percentage of his 2010 base salary ranging from zero to twice the percentage designated for him.

The 2010 aggregate annual incentive awards made to each named executive officer totalled less than his Maximum Potential Incentive Award and represented the following approximate percentages of his respective 2010 base salary: Mr. MacInnis, 156%; Mr. Guzzi, 137%; and Messrs. Pompa, Cammaker and Matz, each, 125%.

### **Special Bonuses**

The Compensation Committee also decided to award to members of the Company's senior management special bonuses to reflect their efforts during 2010 in successfully disposing of certain non-core operations of the Company, including joint ventures, and in acquiring companies so as to expand our footprint in markets in which we have not previously engaged. Accordingly, in March 2010 the Compensation Committee awarded the following special cash bonuses: Mr. MacInnis, \$459,000; Mr. Guzzi, \$237,000; Mr. Pompa, \$131,000; Mr. Cammaker, \$147,000; and Mr. Matz, \$120,000. These cash bonuses are reflected under the "Bonus" column of the Summary Compensation Table on page 21 and are in addition to the payments each received in respect of their annual incentive awards for 2010.

### **Long Term Incentive Plan**

We provide a significant portion of our named executive officers' compensation through our LTIP. The LTIP provides incentives which foster executive recruitment and retention, reward long-term financial performance, and align management and stockholder interests. Before we adopted the LTIP, Mercer advised the Compensation Committee that the LTIP as proposed should accomplish these objectives with its focus on long-term financial performance, cash and equity awards competitive with those granted by Mercer's list of Comparator Companies, and use of equity for alignment with stockholder returns.

Each participant in the LTIP, including each named executive officer, is entitled each year to an award based on a multiplier (or percentage), which we refer to as the "Multiplier," of his annual base salary rate at the end of the previous year. We refer to this award as the "LTIP Target Bonus".

Specifically, the LTIP Target Bonus consists of:

- an annual grant of stock units to senior executives, including the named executive officers. This is the retention component. The stock units (in respect of which an equal number of shares of our Common Stock will be issued) generally vest on the third anniversary of the grant date of the stock units. The named executive officer is to receive a number of shares of our Common Stock equal to his annual grant of stock units approximately three years from the grant date. The named executive officer will receive those shares only if he continues to be employed by us through the third anniversary of the grant date, unless his employment is terminated by us without cause, by him for good reason, or by reason of his death or disability or upon his retirement on or after age 65 in which case he would receive those shares following the occurrence of that event. (We have set forth the definition of the terms “cause”, “good reason” and “disability” under our LTIP on page 31 in the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan”.) Thus, a significant portion of the named executive officer’s total compensation is tied to our stock performance; and
- an award of a potential performance-based cash incentive award, which we refer to sometimes as the “LTIP Cash Target Bonus”, and which is the performance component. This component provides for the annual establishment of three year measurement periods. The award year and the two ensuing years make up each measurement period. Each named executive officer may receive a performance-based cash incentive award, depending upon how closely our actual aggregate earnings per share for the three year measurement period compare to a pre-established earnings per share objective for that measurement period. The Compensation Committee sets the earnings per share objectives. When we refer to “earnings per share” with respect to our LTIP, we mean earnings per share on a fully diluted basis. However, earnings per share with respect to three year measurement periods commencing on or after January 1, 2010 are to be computed without giving effect to (a) non-cash charges directly associated with the write-down of balance sheet values of assets, (b) investment banking, consulting, legal, and accounting fees and related disbursements directly associated with any proposed or consummated (i) sale or disposition of Company assets or securities or (ii) acquisition or investment, (c) the effect of any changes in statutory tax rates from those in effect on March 29, 2010, (d) restructuring charges due to a sale or closure of a subsidiary’s business, and (e) the cumulative effect of any change in accounting principles. We use the three year measurement period to extend a named executive officer’s focus over multiple-year periods. This is intended to help achieve positive sustained long-term financial results and to align the named executive officer’s interests with longer-term stockholder interests. If we achieve 100% of the earnings per share objective that the Compensation Committee established for a measurement period, the named executive officer will receive 100% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus. If we achieve 50% of the earnings per share objective for a measurement period, the named executive officer will receive 50% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus. If we fail to achieve our minimum objectives of at least 50% of the pre-established earnings per share objective for a measurement period, no performance-based cash incentive award is payable in respect of that period. If we exceed the pre-established earnings per share objective for the measurement period by 120% or more, the named executive officer will receive 200% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus. For earnings per share falling between 50% and 100% of the earnings per share objective for the measurement period or between 100% and 120% of the earnings per share objective, the percentage of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus is interpolated from 50% to 100% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus and from 100% to 200% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus, respectively. The named executive officer would not be entitled to any performance-based cash incentive award for any measurement period in which his employment is terminated by us for cause or in which he leaves our employment without good reason. However, if, during a measurement period, his employment is terminated by us without cause, by him for good reason or by reason of his death, disability or retirement at age 65 or older, he would, nevertheless, be entitled to a pro rata amount of the performance-

based cash incentive award that he would have received had he been employed by the Company for that measurement period. (We have set forth the definition of the terms “cause”, “good reason” and “disability” under our LTIP on page 31 in the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan.”)

Under the terms of the LTIP, we established for each LTIP participant, including each named executive officer, a Multiplier (or percentage) of his annual base salary rate. The Multiplier for each named executive officer, which is set out in the LTIP (subject to change annually by the Compensation Committee for each named executive officer), for 2010 was as follows: Mr. MacInnis, 200%; Mr. Guzzi, 150%; Mr. Pompa, 125%; Mr. Cammaker, 125%; and Mr. Matz, 125%. In the opinion of Mercer, the Multiplier for each named executive officer, when applied to a percentage of his annual base salary rate as of the end of the previous year, resulted in an LTIP Target Bonus for each named executive officer which was competitive with those provided by the Comparator Companies. Any change in the Multiplier for a named executive officer would change the basis for computing his potential cash incentive award under the LTIP as well as his annual number of stock units.

In connection with Mr. MacInnis’ retirement as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Mr. Guzzi’s election to that position, effective January 3, 2011, the Compensation Committee determined that Mr. MacInnis shall no longer be entitled to participate in the LTIP with respect to awards of stock units or with respect to performance-based cash incentive awards for years or measurement periods commencing January 1, 2011, and that Mr. Guzzi’s Multiplier for purposes of the LTIP would be increased from 150% to 200% with respect to awards of stock units for 2011 and thereafter and with respect to performance-based cash incentive awards with respect to measurement periods commencing on or after January 1, 2011.

The Compensation Committee believes this LTIP two-part retention and performance program provides a balance between market-based incentives and multi-year financial-based awards. Market-based incentives, such as equity awards, provide a strong link to stockholder value creation. Financial-based awards based upon multi-year periods provide a direct link to long-term corporate performance.

In addition, the Board believes that because part of each LTIP award is in stock units generally vesting three years from the grant date and the balance is payable in cash based on the Company’s financial performance over a three year period, which amount is capped based on a percentage of annual base salary rate, the LTIP does not encourage excessive or unnecessary risk taking by participants in the LTIP, including our named executive officers.

Under the terms of the LTIP, in 2008 the Compensation Committee established a measurement period consisting of calendar years 2008, 2009 and 2010 pursuant to which performance-based cash incentive awards may be paid to LTIP participants, including our named executive officers. The actual amount payable in respect of each participant’s LTIP Cash Target Bonus for this measurement period, 50% of the product of his Multiplier and his annual base salary rate as of December 31, 2007, was dependent upon how our Company’s earnings per share for that period measured up against the earnings per share objective for the period, which was \$6.93 per share. Because our aggregate earnings per share for the 2008 – 2010 measurement period was \$3.78, only 54% of the \$6.93 per share earnings objective for that measurement period (due principally to a non-cash impairment charge with respect to goodwill and trade names), in accordance with the LTIP, each named executive officer, as well as each other participant in the LTIP, was paid in March 2011 54% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus. The amount of this payment to each named executive officer is included under the “Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation” column for 2010 of the Summary Compensation Table on page 21.

In January 2010, pursuant to the terms of the LTIP each named executive officer, as well as each other participant in the LTIP, was awarded a number of stock units entitling him to receive in February 2013 an equal number of shares of our Common Stock provided he is continuously employed by us through January 4, 2013. However, if his employment is terminated by us without cause, by him for good reason, or by reason of his death, disability or retirement at age 65 or older, he will, nevertheless, be entitled to those shares. The number of stock units awarded to each named executive officer was determined by dividing the closing price of a share of our Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on January 4, 2010 by 50% of the product of the named executive officer’s then

Multiplier and his annual base salary rate as of December 31, 2009. The aggregate grant date value of the stock units awarded in 2010 to each named executive officer based on Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 718 is included under the “Stock Awards” column for 2010 of the Summary Compensation Table on page 21.

In connection with the resignation of Mr. MacInnis as Chief Executive Officer effective January 3, 2011 and his agreement to remain in the Company’s employ through December 31, 2011, at which time Mr. MacInnis will have reached age 65 and will retire from the Company’s employ, Mr. MacInnis will as of December 31, 2011 vest in the LTIP stock units granted to him in January 2009 and January 2010.

In February 2010, under the LTIP, the Compensation Committee also established a measurement period consisting of the 2010 – 2012 calendar years and established for that period an earnings per share objective, adjusted as indicated on page 16, of \$5.70. Each named executive officer’s LTIP Cash Target Bonus for that measurement period is 50% of the product of his annual base salary rate as of the end of 2009 and his Multiplier set out in the first full paragraph on page 17 of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis. The amount set out in the Table entitled Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 on page 24 identified with footnote (4) indicates the range of performance-based cash incentive awards each named executive officer may receive in respect of the 2010 – 2012 measurement period if we achieve for that measurement period (i) the minimum adjusted earnings per share objective of \$2.85, (ii) the earnings per share objective of \$5.70, or (iii) at least 120% of the earnings per share objective, or \$6.84. As indicated earlier, if we do not achieve the minimum adjusted earnings per share objective for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period, we will not pay any of the LTIP performance-based cash incentive awards identified in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 Table. With respect to cash payments under the LTIP, the Company and Mr. MacInnis have agreed that provided he remains in the Company’s employ through December 31, 2011, he will be entitled to a cash award in respect of the 2009 – 2011 measurement period only in an amount equal to 2/3 of the amount he would otherwise receive had he remained in the Company’s employ through December 31, 2011 and in respect of the 2010 – 2012 measurement period only in an amount equal to 1/3 of the amount he would otherwise receive had he remained in the Company’s employ through December 31, 2012.

### **Percentage of Incentive Compensation**

We believe our annual and LTIP incentive awards motivate our named executive officers to seek sustained positive financial performance. A significant portion of the named executive officers’ compensation is incentive compensation based on objective financial performance. The LTIP incentive awards, in part, expose management to the risk that our stock value will go down and are conditioned on the named executive officer staying employed with us for a significant period of time.

For 2010, the percentages of targeted incentive compensation to total targeted compensation of the named executive officers ranged from approximately 45% to 52%, and the equity component percentage of the named executive officers’ total targeted compensation ranged from approximately 17% to 23%. Of their 2010 total targeted compensation, the percentages that were forfeitable ranged from approximately 34% to 45% if the named executive officer did not stay employed with us for approximately three years from the award date (unless employment is terminated by us without cause, by him for good reason or by reason of his death, disability, or retirement at age 65 or older).

### **Corporate Tax Deduction on Compensation in Excess of \$1 Million a Year**

Section 162(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the “Code”, generally limits how much compensation public companies may deduct on their U.S. federal income tax returns for compensation paid to certain executive officers. Public companies generally may deduct up to \$1 million of compensation they pay to any employee who on the last day of the year is one of our named executive officers. Compensation may qualify for an exemption from the deduction limit if it satisfies certain conditions under Section 162(m). The Compensation Committee

considers the impact of this rule when developing and implementing our executive compensation plans. While we have designed much of our annual incentive awards and the LTIP performance-based cash incentive awards to qualify for an exemption from the limitation on deductible compensation, not all the annual incentive awards and LTIP awards qualify under Section 162(m). To the extent a named executive officer's annual incentive award is paid based on achievement of his personal goals and objectives (and a portion was so paid for 2010), the award would not, and did not, qualify under Section 162(m). In addition, the special bonuses paid to our named executive officers did not qualify under Section 162(m). Also, awards of stock units under the LTIP, which vest over the passage of time, do not qualify under Section 162(m). The Compensation Committee does not require that all compensation qualify under Section 162(m) because it believes that it is important to preserve flexibility in administering compensation programs.

### **Accounting Treatment**

When designing the elements of compensation, the Compensation Committee considers the impact of accounting treatment. For calendar year 2007, a portion of our annual incentive awards to our named executive officers and certain other employees were made in phantom stock units, which were to be settled in cash and resulted in a liability award being established. This type of award is required to be marked to market at the end of each accounting period. As a consequence, during the accounting periods before which we paid cash for phantom stock units, these awards resulted in additional expense when the value of our Common Stock rose above the value of the phantom units as of the last valuation date and resulted in additional net income when the value of our Common Stock fell below the value of the phantom units as of the last valuation date. For this reason, among others, the Compensation Committee has not granted any phantom stock units since such awards were made in respect of 2007.

### **Retirement Plans, Severance Arrangements, and Stock Options**

#### *Retirement Plans*

As indicated above, we provide our sole retirement benefits through our 401(k) plan pursuant to which we made a matching contribution of \$11,000 for the account of each named executive officer for 2010. We base the amount of our contribution for named executive officers on a formula set forth in the terms of the plan that applies to all employees participating in our 401(k) plan. Because there is no retirement benefit enhancement for named executive officers, the Compensation Committee does not consider gains from stock option or stock awards in setting retirement benefits for each named executive officer.

#### *Severance Arrangements*

In light of our modest retirement benefits and the existence of employment agreements for several years with our named executive officers other than Mr. Guzzi (who did not join us until October 2004), which employment agreements we decided not to renew when they expired December 31, 2004, the Compensation Committee decided to enter into severance agreements with our named executive officers in 2005; however, the severance agreement between the Company and Mr. MacInnis terminated on January 3, 2011 when his resignation as our Chief Executive Officer became effective. The terms of the severance agreements reflect market practice and advice provided at the time they were entered into to the Compensation Committee by Mercer and outside counsel engaged by the Compensation Committee and take into account the named executive officers' past accomplishments. If a named executive is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason, his severance agreement provides him with a severance benefit equal to (a) two years of his annual base salary and (b) a prorated amount of his annual incentive awards. The severance agreements and other enhanced severance benefits referred to in this Section as well as the terms "cause" and "good reason" are described commencing on page 27 under "Potential Post Employment Payments" – "Severance Agreements".

In addition, if the named executive officer is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason, as those terms are defined on page 31 in the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan”, we will provide him with:

- all the shares issuable in respect of his LTIP stock units no later than six months after the named executive officer’s termination date; and
- with respect to each measurement period then in effect, a prorated amount of the LTIP performance-based cash incentive award that he would have received had he remained in our employ during the entire measurement period.

#### *Change of Control Agreements*

We have entered into change of control agreements with each named executive officer and other senior executives so that if we experience a change of control we can provide security to them during the period of change of control in order that they can focus on our business, making decisions which are in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, even if such decisions lead to their departure and in order that we may retain these individuals during that period and the transition to new ownership; however, the change of control agreement between the Company and Mr. MacInnis terminated on January 3, 2011 when his resignation as our Chief Executive Officer became effective. These agreements provide for enhanced severance benefits if, within two years of the date we experience a change of control, the executive terminates his employment for good reason or the executive’s employment is terminated involuntarily, other than for cause, death or disability. The enhanced severance benefits payable in the event of severance after a change of control are described below in the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Change of Control Agreements” commencing on page 33. Those terms and provisions reflected competitive market practices and advice provided by outside counsel to the Company and were not derived primarily from a negotiation process with our executives. The terms “cause”, “good reason” and “change of control” as used in the change of control agreements are defined on pages 33 and 34.

#### *Excise Tax Gross-Ups*

The severance payments and other payments and benefits our named executive officers would receive in connection with a change of control could trigger an excise tax, payable by our named executive officers. In that case, we would make gross-up payments to those named executive officers so that they receive the same economic benefit they would have received if the excise tax were not imposed. We would provide these gross-up payments, even though we cannot deduct them from our own taxable income, because we believe our named executive officers should receive the full economic benefit of the protections we have offered them.

#### *Stock Options*

Most of the stock options granted to each of the named executive officers provide that if his employment is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason, the period during which the stock options are exercisable continues following the termination of his employment for the remainder of the option term, and one grant of stock options provides that the options are exercisable for their entire term whether or not the named executive officer remains in the Company’s employ and regardless of the reason for the termination of his employment. The balance of their stock options provide that such options are exercisable for the shorter of two years from such employment termination date or the remainder of the option term if the named executive officer is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason. The terms “cause” and “good reason” as defined in the stock option agreements are substantially the same as they are defined in the severance agreements. All stock options granted to our named executive officers are presently vested. However, in connection with his resignation as our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. MacInnis agreed that if during 2011 his employment with the Company is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason, he may exercise his stock options only until the earlier of March 30, 2012 or the date as of which the options would otherwise expire in accordance with their terms.

## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND RELATED INFORMATION

The following Table sets forth information with respect to the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and our three other most highly compensated executive officers, who we refer to collectively as the “named executive officers”, based on total compensation for fiscal 2010.

### Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Years 2010, 2009 and 2008

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary(\$)	Bonuses(\$)	Stock Awards (\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	Option Awards (\$) <sup>(2)</sup>	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compen- sation (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	All Other Compen- sation (\$) <sup>(4)</sup>	Total (\$)
Frank T. MacInnis Chairman of the Board and formerly Chief Executive Officer (until January 3, 2011).....	2010	\$975,000	\$459,000	\$949,983	—	\$2,007,000	\$ 98,816	\$4,489,799
	2009	\$950,000	\$217,500	\$949,993	—	\$3,859,500	\$112,625	\$6,089,618
	2008	\$950,000	\$210,000	\$908,835	—	\$3,845,000	\$ 90,685	\$6,004,520
Anthony J. Guzzi President and Chief Executive Officer (since January 3, 2011).....	2010	\$709,615	\$237,000	\$487,482	—	\$1,212,060	\$ 77,158	\$2,723,315
	2009	\$650,000	—	\$487,497	—	\$2,307,120	\$ 94,808	\$3,539,425
	2008	\$650,000	—	\$464,985	—	\$2,240,000	\$ 75,164	\$3,430,149
Mark A. Pompa Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.....	2010	\$510,000	\$131,000	\$281,226	—	\$ 774,855	\$ 66,764	\$1,763,845
	2009	\$450,000	—	\$281,237	—	\$1,354,350	\$ 69,344	\$2,154,931
	2008	\$450,000	—	\$256,228	—	\$1,325,000	\$ 65,504	\$2,096,732
Sheldon I. Cammaker Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary.....	2010	\$490,000	\$147,000	\$296,866	—	\$ 766,770	\$124,748	\$1,825,384
	2009	\$475,000	—	\$296,854	—	\$1,491,050	\$ 96,735	\$2,359,639
	2008	\$475,000	—	\$287,487	—	\$1,493,750	\$ 99,270	\$2,355,507
R. Kevin Matz Executive Vice President, Shared Services.....	2010	\$425,000	\$120,000	\$256,245	—	\$ 656,963	\$ 89,849	\$1,548,057
	2009	\$410,000	—	\$256,237	—	\$1,256,880	\$ 74,131	\$1,997,248
	2008	\$410,000	—	\$234,359	—	\$1,257,500	\$ 62,967	\$1,964,826

(1) Stock awards reflected in this Table represent for 2008, 2009, and 2010 aggregate grant date fair value for stock units computed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) ASC Topic 718. There can be no assurance that these amounts which are set out in detail below will be realized. These stock awards consist of, for 2008, 2009 and 2010, time-based stock units granted under our LTIP, and for 2008 5,000 additional time-based stock units awarded to Mr. MacInnis in respect of 2008. The values of stock awards are equivalent to the closing price of a share of our Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the date of the award multiplied by the number of stock units included in the award.

(2) No option awards were made to the named executive officers in 2008, 2009, and 2010.

(3) The amounts reported in this column for 2010 include the annual incentive awards paid in 2011 in respect of 2010, all of which were paid in cash. These annual incentive awards for each of the named executive officers are as follows: Mr. MacInnis, \$1,521,000; Mr. Guzzi, \$960,960; Mr. Pompa, \$636,480; Mr. Cammaker, \$611,520; and Mr. Matz, \$530,400. The amounts reported in this column for 2010 also include amounts paid in 2011 under the LTIP in respect of the Cash Target Bonuses for the 2008 – 2010 measurement period. These LTIP amounts for each of the executive officers are as follows: Mr. MacInnis, \$486,000; Mr. Guzzi, \$251,100; Mr. Pompa, \$138,375; Mr. Cammaker, \$155,250; and Mr. Matz, \$126,563.

(4) The amounts reported in this column for 2010 for each named executive officer include: an allowance for his leasing of an automobile; reimbursement for auto insurance on such vehicle; reimbursement for the cost of maintenance and repair of such vehicle; premiums paid for excess liability insurance of \$10 million; reimbursement for monthly dues in a club suitable for entertaining clients and other business contacts; the incremental cost of the spouse of the named executive

officer accompanying him to one weekend Board meeting where applicable, and, in the case of Messrs. Cammaker and Matz, capital cost reductions paid in connection with new leases of vehicles. The amounts in this column also include the cost of premiums paid by us for term life insurance for each named executive officer as follows: Mr. MacInnis, \$20,642; Mr. Guzzi, \$4,620; Mr. Pompa, \$2,559; Mr. Cammaker, \$15,523; and Mr. Matz \$1,472. In addition, the amounts reported in this column include reimbursement for taxes on certain of the foregoing perquisites for each of the named executive officers as follows: Mr. MacInnis, \$35,719; Mr. Guzzi, \$26,910; Mr. Pompa, \$22,682; Mr. Cammaker, \$48,093; and Mr. Matz, \$32,072. For 2010, the amounts also include matching contributions of \$11,000, provided by us under our 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan for the account of each named executive officer.

### **Proportion of 2010 Salaries and Bonuses to Total 2010 Compensation**

The approximate percentage of each named executive officer's 2010 salary and bonus of his total 2010 compensation reported in the Summary Compensation Table on page 21 is as follows: Frank T. MacInnis, 32%; Anthony J. Guzzi, 35%; Mark A. Pompa, 36%; Sheldon I. Cammaker, 35%; and R. Kevin Matz, 35%. There can be no assurance that the total compensation amounts reported in that Table will be realized.

### **Annual Incentive Awards**

Under our Annual Incentive Program, as authorized by and pursuant to the terms of our Key Executive Incentive Bonus Plan, the Compensation Committee establishes annual financial objectives for us and individual performance goals and objectives for each named executive officer. These objectives are the basis on which a determination is made whether the named executive officer should receive an annual incentive award and, if so, the amount of such award. The annual incentive awards for 2010 and the basis on which they were made are discussed on pages 13 through 15 in the Section entitled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis". For 2010, the maximum annual incentive awards for Messrs. MacInnis and Guzzi were 250% and 220%, respectively, of their respective 2010 annual base salaries and for Messrs. Pompa, Cammaker, and Matz were 200% of their respective 2010 annual base salaries. For 2010, the annual incentive award for each named executive officer based on our 2010 financial performance was equal to an approximate percentage of his annual base salary as follows: Frank T. MacInnis, 106%; Anthony J. Guzzi, 93%; Mark A. Pompa, 85%; Sheldon I. Cammaker, 85%; and R. Kevin Matz, 85%. In addition, each such officer received, based on the accomplishment of his 2010 individual goals and objectives, the following percentages of his annual base salary: Frank T. MacInnis, 50%; Anthony J. Guzzi, 44%; Mark A. Pompa, 40%; Sheldon I. Cammaker, 40%; and R. Kevin Matz, 40%. The estimated payouts under the 2010 Annual Incentive Program are included under the "Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards" column of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 Table on page 24 and have footnote (3) next to them. The 2010 incentive awards, all of which were in cash, are included in the "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation" column of the Summary Compensation Table on page 21.

### **Special Bonuses**

For 2010, each of our named executive officers was awarded a special bonus in the amount set opposite his name in the "Bonus" column of the Summary Compensation Table. These bonuses were to reward the named executive officers for the successful disposition of certain non-core operations of the Company and the acquisition of companies expanding our footprint in markets where we have not previously been engaged.

### **Long Term Incentive Plan**

Our Board adopted the LTIP in December 2005. Under the terms of the LTIP, for 2010, we granted each named executive officer stock units in January 2010. These stock units, which generally vest in full three years from their respective grant dates, represent the right to receive an equal number of shares of Common Stock, generally on or about the fourth week in February 2013.

A named executive officer has to be employed by us generally until January 4, 2013 to receive shares in respect of his 2010 stock unit award. If a named executive officer's employment terminates before January 4, 2013, he will forfeit his 2010 stock unit award, unless such termination is by the

Company without cause (defined on page 31 under “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan”) or by him for good reason (defined on page 31 under “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan”) or due to his disability, death or retirement at age 65 or older.

As provided in the LTIP, we base the number of stock units that a named executive officer is to receive for a calendar year on one-half of a set percentage of his annual base salary rate as of the immediately preceding December 31, divided by the closing price of a share of our Common Stock as of the first business day of the year in which we award the stock units. The current percentage for each named executive officer is provided for in the LTIP (subject to change by the Compensation Committee) and is set out on page 17 in the Section entitled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis”.

The 2010 stock award amounts reflected in the “Stock Awards” column of the Summary Compensation Table on page 21 relate to those stock units awarded in January 2010 under the LTIP. There can be no assurance that the amounts reported in the “Stock Awards” column of that Table for 2010 will be realized. The stock awards reflected in the “All Other Stock Awards” column of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 on page 24 represent the number of stock units awarded in January 2010 under the LTIP.

We also provide for performance-based cash incentive awards under the LTIP based on our performance for a three calendar year measurement period commencing in the grant year. In 2008, we granted each named executive officer a potential performance-based cash incentive award, or LTIP Cash Target Bonus, based on our performance for a measurement period consisting of calendar years 2008 – 2010. During this period, principally as a result of impairment charges of intangibles, we only reached 54% of our targeted financial performance, and, accordingly, each named executive officer was paid an amount equal to 54% of his LTIP Cash Target Bonus for this measurement period, and the amounts paid in respect of these performance based cash incentive awards are included for 2010 in the Summary Compensation Table under the “Non-Equity Incentive Compensation” column on page 21.

In addition, in 2010, we granted each named executive officer an LTIP Cash Target Bonus based upon the measurement period consisting of calendar years 2010 – 2012, which is reflected in the “Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards” column of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 Table on page 24. We will base the payment of these awards (next to which the footnote (4) appears) on the achievement of the predetermined earnings per share objectives for the measurement period consisting of calendar years 2010 – 2012. We will pay to each named executive officer the target performance-based cash incentive award set opposite his respective name in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010 Table on page 24 if we achieve aggregate earnings per share, adjusted as indicated on page 16, of \$5.70 for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period. If, for this period, we achieve aggregate adjusted earnings per share of \$2.85, each named executive officer will be entitled to the threshold performance-based cash incentive award amount set opposite his name in that Table. If, for this period, we achieve aggregate adjusted earnings per share of \$6.84, each named executive officer will be entitled to the maximum performance-based cash incentive award amount set opposite his name in that Table. For aggregate adjusted earnings per share falling between \$2.86 and \$5.69, and between \$5.71 and \$6.83, for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period, the performance-based cash incentive award is interpolated from 51% to 99% of the target performance-based cash incentive award and from 101% to 199% of the target performance-based cash incentive award.

If a named executive officer is not employed during an entire measurement period, he will not be entitled to any performance-based cash incentive award for the measurement period, unless he has been terminated without cause, he terminates his employment for good reason, dies, is disabled or retires on or after age 65. If during a measurement period he is terminated without cause, terminates for good reason, dies, is disabled or retires on or after age 65, then for the measurement period, he will be entitled to all or a portion of the awards under the LTIP as described under the Section entitled “Potential Post Employment Payments”—“Long Term Incentive Plan,” commencing on page 29, where the terms “cause”, “good reason” and “disability” are also defined.

The following Table sets forth certain information with respect to the grant of awards during the 2010 fiscal year to the named executive officers.

### Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2010

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards			All Other Stock Awards Number of Shares of Stock or Units (#)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (\$)
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)		
Frank T. MacInnis.....	1/03/10				34,074 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$949,983 <sup>(2)</sup>
	3/25/10	\$253,500 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$1,218,750 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$2,437,500 <sup>(3)</sup>		
	3/25/10	\$158,333 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 316,667 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 633,333 <sup>(4)</sup>		
Anthony J. Guzzi.....	1/03/10				17,485 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$487,482 <sup>(2)</sup>
	3/25/10	\$160,160 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 770,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$1,540,000 <sup>(3)</sup>		
	3/25/10	\$243,750 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 487,500 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 975,000 <sup>(4)</sup>		
Mark A. Pompa.....	1/03/10				10,087 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$281,226 <sup>(2)</sup>
	3/25/10	\$106,080 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 510,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$1,020,000 <sup>(3)</sup>		
	3/25/10	\$140,625 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 281,250 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 562,500 <sup>(4)</sup>		
Sheldon I. Cammaker.....	1/03/10				10,648 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$296,866 <sup>(2)</sup>
	3/25/10	\$101,920 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 490,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 980,000 <sup>(3)</sup>		
	3/25/10	\$148,438 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 296,875 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 593,750 <sup>(4)</sup>		
R. Kevin Matz.....	1/03/10				9,191 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$256,245 <sup>(2)</sup>
	3/25/10	\$ 88,400 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 425,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 850,000 <sup>(3)</sup>		
	3/25/10	\$128,125 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 256,250 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 512,500 <sup>(4)</sup>		

<sup>(1)</sup> Consists of time-vested stock units awarded in January 2010 under our LTIP.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the aggregate grant date fair value of stock units awarded in January 2010 under our LTIP. The aggregate grant date fair values referred to in this column were computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. There were no option awards in 2010.

<sup>(3)</sup> These amounts represent possible payouts pursuant to our Annual Incentive Program for 2010. The amounts paid in respect of this program for 2010 are disclosed in the Summary Compensation Table on page 21.

<sup>(4)</sup> These estimated payouts are pursuant to our LTIP in respect of the measurement period 2010 – 2012. However, pursuant to the terms of his separation agreement with the Company, Mr. MacInnis agreed, among other things, that the payment to him in respect of the LTIP 2010 – 2012 measurement period would be only 1/3 of the amount he would be entitled to under the LTIP had he continued in the Company's employ through December 31, 2012 and the amounts opposite Mr. MacInnis' name identified with footnote (4) reflects this agreement.

The following Table sets forth certain information with respect to unexercised options and unvested outstanding equity awards held by the named executive officers at the end of 2010.

### Outstanding Equity Awards at 2010 Fiscal Year-End

Name (A)	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable (B)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable (C)	Option Exercise Price (\$) (D)	Option Expiration Date (E)	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) (F)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) (G)
Frank T. MacInnis.....					45,188 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$1,309,548
					41,001 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$1,188,209
	202,400 <sup>(a)</sup>	—	\$10.425	12/13/11	34,074 <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 987,465
	227,200 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$11.588	1/01/12		
	221,772 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$13.683	1/01/13		
	296,516 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$10.958	1/01/14		
	368,000 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$11.270	1/02/15		
Anthony J. Guzzi.....					20,305 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ 588,439
					21,040 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$ 609,739
					17,485 <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 506,715
	106,000 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$ 9.67	10/24/14		
	202,000 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$11.270	1/02/15		
Mark A. Pompa .....					11,189 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ 324,257
					12,138 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$ 351,759
					10,087 <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 292,321
	66,000 <sup>(a)</sup>	—	\$10.425	12/13/11		
	44,400 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$11.588	1/01/12		
	43,244 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$13.683	1/01/13		
	63,164 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$10.958	1/01/14		
	101,200 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$11.270	1/02/15		
Sheldon I. Cammaker.....					12,554 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ 363,815
					12,812 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$ 371,292
					10,648 <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 308,579
	73,600 <sup>(a)</sup>	—	\$10.425	12/13/11		
	70,000 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$11.588	1/01/12		
	68,196 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$13.683	1/01/13		
	91,180 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$10.958	1/01/14		
	134,800 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$11.270	1/02/15		
R. Kevin Matz .....					10,234 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ 296,581
					11,059 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$ 320,490
					9,191 <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 266,355
	76,000 <sup>(a)</sup>	—	\$10.425	12/13/11		
	51,200 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$11.588	1/01/12		
	49,900 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$13.683	1/01/13		
	71,880 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$10.958	1/01/14		
	109,200 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$11.270	1/02/15		

<sup>(a)</sup> Options granted 12/14/2001 vested and became exercisable in full on their grant date and expire 12/13/2011.

<sup>(b)</sup> Options granted 1/02/2002, 1/02/2003, 1/02/2004 vested and became exercisable 25% on their respective grant dates and 25% on each of the succeeding three anniversaries of their respective grant dates and expire on the respective dates shown in column (E) which is the day before the tenth anniversary of their respective grant dates. However, those options granted to Mr. MacInnis on January 2, 2003 and 2004 will, in accordance with their terms, expire on March 30, 2012, 90 days following his retirement as an employee of the Company as of December 31, 2011.

<sup>(c)</sup> Options granted 10/25/2004 and 1/03/2005 vested and became exercisable 33-1/3% on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of their respective grant dates and expire on the respective dates shown in column (E) which is the day before the tenth anniversary of their respective grant dates. However, the options granted to Mr. MacInnis on January 3, 2005 will,

in accordance with their terms, expire on March 30, 2012, 90 days following his retirement as an employee of the Company as of December 31, 2011.

- <sup>(d)</sup> Represents LTIP stock units awarded in January 2008 and, in the case of Mr. MacInnis, an additional 10,800 stock units awarded to him in March 2008 with the same terms and conditions as those pertaining to the 2008 LTIP stock units; these stock units vested on January 3, 2011.
- <sup>(e)</sup> Represents LTIP stock units awarded in January 2009; these stock units generally will vest on January 2, 2012.
- <sup>(f)</sup> Represents LTIP stock units awarded in January 2010; these stock units generally will vest on January 4, 2013.

In the event a named executive officer who is a holder of any of the options set out in the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2010 Fiscal Year End Table on page 25 is terminated by us without cause or terminates his employment for good reason, the options reported in that Table remain exercisable for the balance of their term except in the case of the options expiring 12/13/11, 10/24/14, and 1/02/15. The options expiring 12/13/11 are exercisable for the balance of their term whether or not the named executive officer remains in the employ of the Company and regardless of the reason for the termination of his employment. In the case of the options expiring 10/24/14 and 1/02/15, following termination of the named executive officer's employment by us without cause or by him for good reason, the options are exercisable only for two years following such termination of employment. However, Mr. MacInnis and the Company have agreed that if his employment is terminated by the Company without cause or by him for good reason, then his stock options (other than those expiring 12/13/11) shall terminate on the earlier of March 30, 2012 or the date they would otherwise expire in accordance with their terms. Except in the case of the options expiring 12/13/11, if the named executive officer's employment terminates because of his retirement after age 65, death, or disability or by reason of his employment being terminated by us for cause or by him without good reason, his options will be exercisable for a period of three months following termination of employment in the case of such retirement or disability or termination for cause or without good reason and six months in the case of his death. The terms "cause" and "good reason" are defined in the option agreements substantially as they are defined in the Severance Agreements discussed on page 28 under the Section entitled "Potential Post Employment Payments"—"Severance Agreements".

Unvested stock units reported in the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2010 Fiscal Year End Table on page 25 were awarded in 2008, 2009, and 2010 under our LTIP, and in the case of Mr. MacInnis' unvested stock units, an additional 10,800 stock units were awarded to him in March 2008, 5,800 in respect of 2007 and 5,000 in respect of 2008. Stock units awarded in 2008 vested in full in January 2011; those awarded in 2009 are to vest in full in January 2012; and those awarded in 2010 are to vest in full in January 2013. However, if we experience a change of control prior to the scheduled vesting date, unvested stock units will vest in full at that time and shares of our Common Stock will be issued in respect of them. If the employment of a named executive officer is terminated by us without cause or by him for good reason, or if his employment terminates by reason of his death, disability or retirement at age 65 or older, his stock units will vest in full at such time and the shares of our Common Stock to be issued in respect of his stock units will then be issued unless he is one of the fifty highest paid employees of us or our subsidiaries, in which case the shares will be issued six months after his termination. If employment of the named executive officer is terminated by us for cause or he terminates his employment without good reason, before his stock units vest, he will forfeit the stock units. The terms "cause" and "good reason" insofar as they pertain to the stock units, are defined on page 31 in the Section entitled "Potential Post Employment Payments"—"Long Term Incentive Plan". The stock units awarded to Mr. MacInnis in January 2009 and January 2010 will, in accordance with their terms, vest upon his retirement on December 31, 2011, and the underlying shares will be paid to him six months thereafter.

The following Table sets forth with respect to each named executive officer certain information with respect to options exercised in 2010 by him and his stock awards that vested during fiscal year 2010.

### Option Exercises and Stock Vested in Fiscal Year 2010

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
Frank T. MacInnis .....	100,000	\$2,117,326	40,592	\$1,091,925
Anthony J. Guzzi .....	—	—	23,994	\$ 645,439
Mark A. Pompa .....	20,000	\$ 462,400	12,496	\$ 336,142
Sheldon I. Cammaker .....	10,000	\$ 190,550	14,830	\$ 398,927
R. Kevin Matz .....	20,000	\$ 469,400	11,996	\$ 322,692

### POTENTIAL POST EMPLOYMENT PAYMENTS

#### Severance Agreements

Messrs. Guzzi, Pompa, Cammaker, and Matz, each a named executive officer, is a party to a severance agreement with us, which we refer to as the “Severance Agreements”. Mr. MacInnis had been a party to a severance agreement but that agreement terminated upon his retirement on January 3, 2011 as our Chief Executive Officer. The Severance Agreements each provide for specified benefits under certain circumstances should the executive officer’s employment with us terminate.

#### *Termination by us without Cause or Termination by the Named Executive Officer for Good Reason*

The Severance Agreements each provide that if the named executive officer’s employment is terminated by us without cause (defined below) or if he terminates his employment for good reason (defined below), we will pay the named executive officer an amount equal to twice his annual base salary in effect immediately prior to his termination. We will pay this amount in eight equal quarterly installments. In addition, we will pay the named executive officer all unpaid amounts for his annual incentive award for any calendar year ended before the date of termination. We will also pay the named executive officer an amount equal to a prorated portion of his targeted annual incentive award based on his personal goals and objectives for the year in which his termination takes place and a prorated portion of the annual incentive award based upon our financial performance that he would have received had he been employed for the entire year. We will calculate these amounts by multiplying the applicable incentive award amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the calendar year in which the termination occurs that he was employed by us and the denominator of which is 365.

We will also provide, at our expense, coverage for the named executive officer (and, to the extent applicable, his eligible dependents) under our medical, dental and hospitalization insurance plans for a period of 18 months from the date of termination. In addition, we will provide, at our expense, coverage under our group life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance plans for a period of 12 months from the date of termination. However, if a successor employer of the named executive officer provides comparable coverage, we will stop providing coverage.

No amounts are payable under a Severance Agreement if the named executive officer’s employment is terminated by us for cause or by him without good reason. In addition, no severance benefits are payable under a Severance Agreement if benefits are payable under a named executive officer’s Change of Control Agreement described commencing on page 33.

### *Definition of Cause and Good Reason*

“Cause” is defined in each such named executive officer’s Severance Agreement as:

- the named executive officer committing an action involving willful malfeasance in connection with his employment which results in material harm to us;
- the named executive officer committing a material and continuing breach of the terms of his Severance Agreement if the breach is not cured within 60 days after we provide the named executive officer with written notice of any such breach; or
- the named executive officer’s conviction of a felony.

For purposes of this definition, no act, or failure to act, on the named executive officer’s part is deemed “willful” unless done, or omitted to be done, by him in bad faith. In addition, cause will only exist if there was no reasonable belief that the named executive officer’s act, or failure to act, was in our best interest and the best interest of our subsidiaries.

“Good reason” is defined in each such named executive officer’s Severance Agreement as:

- our reducing the named executive officer’s then annual base salary, except in connection with a similar reduction in salary that applies to all our senior executives;
- our or one of our subsidiaries failing to pay to the named executive officer any portion of his current compensation that is already earned and due;
- our failure to obtain the assumption (either specifically or by operation of law) of the named executive officer’s Severance Agreement by any successor to, or assign of, us or any person acquiring substantially all of our assets; or
- the termination of a specified Indemnity Agreement in effect between the named executive officer and us.

In addition, Mr. Guzzi’s Severance Agreement provides that good reason also includes any reduction by the Company of his authority, duties, or responsibilities or any removal of him from his current office other than by the Company for cause or as a result of his permanent disability or by him for good reason.

### *Payments in the Event of Permanent Disability*

Each such named executive officer’s Severance Agreement also provides that, in the event of his permanent disability (defined below), we will provide the same insurance benefits described above in the case of termination of his employment by us without cause or by him for good reason.

In the event of permanent disability, we will pay the named executive officer a lump sum payment equal to:

- all unpaid amounts in respect of any annual incentive award for any calendar year ending before the calendar year in which such termination occurs, which would have been payable had the named executive officer remained employed by us until the date such annual incentive award would otherwise have been paid, plus
- a prorated amount of his targeted annual incentive awards for the year in which his employment terminates.

“Permanent disability” exists if the named executive officer has been absent from his duties on a full-time basis for a period of six consecutive months as a result of his incapacity due to physical or mental illness.

### *Payments in the Event of Death*

Each such named executive officer’s Severance Agreement also provides for payment upon the named executive officer’s death to his estate or his designated beneficiaries of a lump sum equal to:

- three months of his base salary and any unpaid annual incentive awards as of the date of his death for any calendar year ending before the year in which his death occurs, which would

have been payable had he remained employed by us until the date such annual incentive awards would otherwise have been paid, plus

- a prorated amount of his targeted annual incentive awards for the year in which his death occurs.

#### *Non-Competition Restriction*

Each Severance Agreement also provides that for two years following termination of his employment, he will not directly or indirectly, own, manage, operate, conduct, control or participate, as a director, officer, employee, consultant, partner, or equity owner or otherwise, in the ownership, management, operation, conduct or control or accept employment with or be connected in any manner with any business that is in competition with us or any of our subsidiaries. This restriction does not apply to ownership of 2% or less of the debt or equity securities of corporations listed on a registered securities exchange. The restriction applies in any state in the United States where we or any of our subsidiaries conduct business.

However, the named executive officer will not be deemed to be so involved with a competing business if:

- no more than 20% of its consolidated revenues (based on its most recently completed fiscal year) is attributable to one or more business activities, which we refer to as “Incidental Competitive Activities”, that are in competition with us or one of our subsidiaries; and
- the named executive officer is not engaged directly or indirectly in such Incidental Competitive Activity.

The named executive officer will be released from his non-competition obligation if he waives his right to receive his severance benefits.

#### *Non-Solicitation Restriction*

For a year following the termination of his employment, each named executive officer also has agreed in his Severance Agreement that he will not on his own or anyone else’s behalf:

- solicit, encourage, or participate in soliciting or encouraging, any customer or supplier of us or of any of our subsidiaries, or any other person or entity, to terminate or adversely alter such person’s or entity’s customer, supplier, or other relationship with us or any of our subsidiaries; or
- hire any person who at the time of offer of employment or within six months prior to such offer was an employee of us or any of our subsidiaries or encourage or participate in soliciting or encouraging any employee of us or one of our subsidiaries to terminate (or otherwise adversely alter) his employment relationship.

#### **Long Term Incentive Plan**

Under our LTIP, we award each named executive officer annually a number of stock units in respect of which, at a future date, we will issue an equal number of shares of our Common Stock. (The LTIP is more fully described commencing on page 15 in the Section entitled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” and under the heading “Long Term Incentive Plan” commencing on page 22 following the Summary Compensation Table.) In addition, under the LTIP each named executive officer is also entitled to a performance-based cash incentive award if we achieve a pre-determined earnings per share objective for a three year measurement period. As of January 1, 2011, Mr. MacInnis ceased to be entitled to any additional LTIP awards.

#### *LTIP Stock Units*

A number of shares of our Common Stock equal to the named executive officer’s LTIP stock units are to be issued to him if:

- we experience a change of control (which we define below) (provided that the Compensation Committee does not reasonably determine that the change of control is not an event described in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Internal Revenue Code);
- we terminate the named executive officer's employment without cause (which we define below);
- the named executive officer terminates his employment for good reason (which we define below);
- the named executive officer retires, provided he has reached age 65;
- the named executive officer becomes disabled and his employment terminates as a result; or
- the named executive officer dies while employed by the Company.

The issuance of the shares of our Common Stock will occur as of the date of the change of control or such termination of employment. However, in the case of termination of employment, that distribution will be delayed for six months following the named executive officer's termination of employment if necessary to avoid any excise tax under Section 409A of the Code. If we terminate the named executive officer's employment for cause or the named executive officer resigns without good reason, then he will forfeit his LTIP stock units.

#### *Performance-Based Cash Incentive Awards*

In addition, if, during one or more LTIP measurement periods, a named executive officer's employment is terminated under circumstances described above entitling him to receive shares of our Common Stock in respect of his LTIP stock units, then he also will be entitled to a prorated portion of the amount of his performance-based cash incentive awards for each measurement period that he would have received had he been employed by us during the entire measurement period. This amount is equal to his performance-based cash incentive award for each such measurement period multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of full and partial months that have elapsed during measurement period as of his termination date, and the denominator of which is the total number of months making up the measurement period. Performance-based cash incentive awards under the LTIP are more fully described commencing on page 15 in the Section entitled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and under the heading "Long Term Incentive Plan" commencing on page 22 following the Summary Compensation Table. However, Mr. MacInnis and the Company have agreed that with respect to any LTIP cash payments to be made to him by reason of his retirement as of December 31, 2011 after he will have reached age 65 for the (a) 2009 – 2011 measurement period such payment shall only be 2/3 of the amount he would have been entitled to under the terms of the LTIP had he continued in the Company's employ through December 31, 2011 and (b) for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period such payment shall only be 1/3 of the amount he would have been entitled to under the terms of the LTIP had he continued in the Company's employ through December 31, 2012.

We would make these payments to our named executive officers at such time as the payment would have been made had there been no termination of employment. If we or a named executive officer had terminated his employment as of December 31, 2010 under circumstances described above entitling him to receive shares of our Common Stock in respect of his LTIP stock units, then the named executive officer would have been entitled to payments in respect of performance-based cash incentive awards under the LTIP for the 2008 – 2010 measurement period, for the 2009 – 2011 measurement period, and for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period.

In addition, if during one or more measurement periods there is a change of control, then promptly thereafter we would pay each named executive officer his performance-based cash incentive award under the LTIP for each such measurement period. The performance-based cash incentive award under the LTIP will be paid as if the Company had achieved 100% of its aggregate earnings per share objective for such measurement period. However, effective January 3, 2011 the payments to Mr. MacInnis are limited as indicated above. If there had been a change of control as of December 31, 2010, the named executive officers would have been entitled to payments in respect of performance-based

cash incentive awards under the LTIP for the 2008 – 2010 measurement period, for the 2009 – 2011 measurement period, and for the 2010 – 2012 measurement period.

If, as of December 31, 2010, we had terminated the named executive officer’s employment for cause or the named executive officer had resigned without good reason, then he would not have been entitled to payment in respect of any performance-based cash incentive award under the LTIP for any measurement period.

*Definition of Cause, Good Reason, Change of Control and Disability*

For purposes of the LTIP, “cause,” generally, means:

- the named executive officer committing an action involving willful malfeasance in connection with his employment which results in material harm to the Company;
- the named executive officer’s conviction of a felony; or
- the named executive officer’s substantial and repeated failure to perform duties as directed by our Chief Executive Officer or, in the case of our Chief Executive Officer, our Board.

“Good reason”, generally, means:

- a reduction in the named executive officer’s then base salary (except in connection with a reduction generally applicable to all our senior executives); or
- the failure to pay any portion of the named executive officer’s compensation that is earned and due.

“Change of control” and “disability” have the same meanings as described under “Severance Agreements” above.

**Special Awards**

In March 2008, Mr. MacInnis was awarded 10,800 stock units. Following termination of his employment with us or if we experience a change of control, he will receive shares in respect of those stock units awarded to him, subject to the same terms and conditions as if such shares were to be issued under our LTIP.

## Severance Benefits Table

The following Table sets forth for each named executive officer (a) cash payments and the value of benefits under the Severance Agreements to which he would have been entitled if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by the Company without cause or by him for good reason and (b) the value as of December 31, 2010 of (i) shares issuable pursuant to his stock units outstanding under our LTIP, as well as, in the case of Mr. MacInnis, the shares issuable pursuant to 10,800 stock units awarded to him in March 2008, and (ii) his pro rata performance-based cash incentive awards under our LTIP, in each instance, that he would have been entitled to upon such termination of employment on December 31, 2010. The value of the stock units has been calculated by multiplying the number of such units by the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange of our Common Stock on December 31, 2010. The value of benefits continuation is based on the Company's estimate of the cost of providing (a) healthcare coverage for the named executive officer and his eligible dependents for an 18 month period under his current plan option and coverage level and (b) life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance equivalent to his current group coverage for 12 months. The cash payment in respect of the LTIP performance-based cash incentive awards assumes that for each relevant measurement period ending after December 31, 2010, actual earnings per share equaled the targeted earnings per share objective for such measurement period.

	Cash Payment under Severance Agreement	Cash Equivalent of Shares Issuable in Respect of Accelerated Vesting of Stock Units <sup>(2)</sup>	Cash Payment in Respect of LTIP Performance- Based Cash Incentive Awards	Benefits Continuation	Total
<b>Frank T. MacInnis<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason ..	\$3,168,750	\$3,485,222	\$1,126,667	\$43,611	\$7,824,250
Termination by Reason of Death .....	\$1,462,500	\$3,485,222	\$1,126,667	—	\$6,074,389
Termination by Reason of Disability.....	\$1,218,750	\$3,485,222	\$1,126,667	\$43,611	\$5,874,250
<b>Anthony J. Guzzi</b>					
Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason ..	\$2,670,000	\$1,704,893	\$ 581,000	\$32,410	\$4,988,303
Termination by Reason of Death .....	\$1,282,500	\$1,704,893	\$ 581,000	—	\$3,568,393
Termination by Reason of Disability.....	\$ 770,000	\$1,704,893	\$ 581,000	\$32,410	\$3,088,303
<b>Mark A. Pompa</b>					
Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason ..	\$1,530,000	\$ 968,338	\$ 324,375	\$30,349	\$2,853,062
Termination by Reason of Death .....	\$ 637,500	\$ 968,338	\$ 324,375	—	\$1,930,213
Termination by Reason of Disability.....	\$ 510,000	\$ 968,338	\$ 324,375	\$30,349	\$1,833,062
<b>Sheldon I. Cammaker</b>					
Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason ..	\$1,470,000	\$1,043,686	\$ 357,708	\$32,060	\$2,903,454
Termination by Reason of Death .....	\$ 612,500	\$1,043,686	\$ 357,708	—	\$2,013,894
Termination by Reason of Disability.....	\$ 490,000	\$1,043,686	\$ 357,708	\$32,060	\$1,923,454
<b>R. Kevin Matz</b>					
Termination Without Cause or For Good Reason ..	\$1,275,000	\$ 883,426	\$ 296,355	\$31,207	\$2,485,988
Termination by Reason of Death .....	\$ 531,250	\$ 883,426	\$ 296,355	—	\$1,711,031
Termination by Reason of Disability.....	\$ 425,000	\$ 883,426	\$ 296,355	\$31,207	\$1,635,988

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective January 3, 2011, pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement between us and Mr. MacInnis, his Severance Agreement terminated, and in accordance with the terms of such separation agreement, if his employment thereafter terminates he would not be entitled to any severance payment or benefits continuation and the amount he would be entitled to as a cash payment in respect of LTIP Performance Based Cash Awards would be limited as described on page 30 above under "Long Term Incentive Plan".

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the closing price of a share of our Common Stock on December 31, 2010 times the number of stock units.

## Change of Control Agreements

Messrs. Guzzi, Pompa, Cammaker, and Matz, each a named executive officer, are parties to Change of Control Agreements with us, which we refer to as the “Change of Control Agreements”. Mr. MacInnis had been party to a change of control agreement but that agreement terminated upon his retirement on January 3, 2011 as our Chief Executive Officer. The purpose of the Change of Control Agreements is to retain the services of such named executive officers during a period of change of control so that they can focus on our business, making decisions which are in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, even if such decisions lead to their departure, and so that we may retain these individuals during that period and the transition to new ownership.

Generally, no benefits are provided under the Change of Control Agreements for any type of termination before a change of control, for termination after a change of control due to death or disability, for termination for cause, or for voluntary termination (other than for good reason). The terms “change of control”, “cause” and “good reason” are defined below.

Each such named executive officer’s Change of Control Agreement generally provides for a severance benefit if we terminate his employment without cause or he terminates his employment for good reason within two years following a change of control. This severance benefit is equal to the sum of three times:

- his annual base salary at the time of the change of control;
- the higher of (a) his annual incentive awards for the years prior to the change of control or (b) the average of his annual incentive awards for the three years before the change of control; and
- the value of perquisites provided in respect of the year prior to the change of control.

In addition, under the Change of Control Agreements, with respect to the year in which the change of control occurs, each such named executive officer also is entitled to a pro rata amount of the higher of (a) his annual incentive awards for the year prior to the change of control or (b) the average of his annual incentive awards for the three years prior to the change of control.

Other severance benefits include outplacement assistance and a continuation of insurance benefits for three years. Each such named executive officer also agreed that he would retain in confidence all our confidential information.

If the severance benefits provided for under the Change of Control Agreements are paid to such named executive officers, and/or if, in connection with a change of control, other payments or distributions are made by us to, or for the benefit of, such named executive officers, or other benefits are conferred upon them, pursuant to the terms of any other agreement, policy, plan or program, they might constitute an “excess parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), on which an excise tax would be due. In that case, under the Change of Control Agreements, such named executive officers would also be entitled to such additional payments as may be necessary to ensure that the net after-tax benefit of all such amounts shall be equal to their respective net after-tax benefits as if no excise tax had been imposed.

### *Definition of Change of Control, Cause and Good Reason*

For purposes of the Change of Control Agreements, a “change of control” means, in general, the occurrence of:

- a person or group of persons acquiring 25% or more of our voting securities;
- our stockholders approving a merger, business combination or sale of our assets, with the holders of our Common Stock prior to such transaction owning less than 65% of the voting securities of the resulting corporation; or
- our Incumbent Directors failing to constitute at least a majority of our Board during any two year period. An “Incumbent Director” is defined, generally, as a director who was serving as such before the beginning of such two year period or if not a director at such time, generally,

if such director was elected to the Board by, or on the recommendation of or with the approval of, at least two-thirds of the directors who then qualified as Incumbent Directors.

“Cause” is defined as:

- the named executive officer’s willful and continued failure to perform substantially his duties for us (other than by reason of physical or mental illness); or
- his conviction of, or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony; or
- his willful engagement in gross misconduct which is materially and demonstrably injurious to us.

“Good Reason” is defined as occurring if:

- the named executive officer’s annual base salary is reduced;
- his annual incentive award is reduced below the higher of (a) the annual incentive awards paid or payable to him in respect of the year before the change of control or (b) the average of his annual incentive awards paid or payable to him in respect of the three years prior to the change of control;
- his duties and responsibilities are materially and adversely reduced;
- the program of incentive compensation and retirement and insurance benefits offered to him are materially and adversely reduced;
- he is required to relocate more than 50 miles from his primary work location before the change of control; or
- the Change of Control Agreement is not assumed by a successor to the Company.

## Change of Control Benefits Table

The following Table sets forth for each named executive officer (a) cash payments and the value of benefits under the Change of Control Agreements to which he would have been entitled upon a change of control and termination of his employment on December 31, 2010 by the Company without cause or by him for good reason and (b) the value as of December 31, 2010 of (i) his shares issuable pursuant to his stock units outstanding under our LTIP, as well as, in the case of Mr. MacInnis, the shares issuable pursuant to 10,800 stock units awarded to him in March 2008, and (ii) his performance-based cash incentive awards under our LTIP, in each instance, that he would have been entitled to upon a change of control and such termination of employment on December 31, 2010. In addition, it sets forth for each named officer the amount that would have been paid to him under his Change of Control Agreement to compensate him for the excise tax, if any, payable on the compensation received as a result of a change in control and such additional amounts as may be necessary to ensure that his net after-tax benefits of the amounts payable to him under the Change of Control Agreement and other benefits are equal to the net after tax benefits as if no excise tax, if any, had been imposed. The value of the stock units has been calculated by multiplying the number of such stock units by the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange of a share of our Common Stock on December 31, 2010. The value of benefits continuation is based on the Company's estimate of the cost of providing (a) healthcare coverage for the named executive officer and his eligible dependents for a 36 month period under his current plan option and coverage level and (b) life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance equivalent to his current group coverage for 36 months. The value of outplacement is based on the Company's estimate of the current cost of obtaining outplacement services for the named executive officer.

	Cash Payment Under Change of Control Agreement	Cash Equivalent of Shares Issuable in Respect of Accelerated Vesting of Stock Units <sup>(1)</sup>	Cash Payment in Respect of Acceleration of LTIP Performance- Based Cash Awards	Benefits Continuation	Out- Placement	Compensation for Additional Taxation	Total <sup>(2)</sup>
Frank T. MacInnis .....	\$12,610,875	\$3,485,222	\$2,386,000	\$113,354	\$75,000	\$ — <sup>(2)</sup>	\$18,670,451
Anthony J. Guzzi .....	\$ 8,762,904	\$1,704,893	\$1,226,100	\$ 73,208	\$75,000	\$4,017,673	\$15,859,778
Mark A. Pompa .....	\$ 5,280,432	\$ 968,338	\$ 700,875	\$ 67,026	\$75,000	\$2,241,819	\$ 9,333,490
Sheldon I. Cammaker .....	\$ 5,499,937	\$1,043,686	\$ 749,000	\$ 87,172	\$75,000	\$ —	\$ 7,454,795
R. Kevin Matz .....	\$ 4,724,913	\$ 883,426	\$ 639,063	\$ 68,298	\$75,000	\$ —	\$ 6,390,700

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the closing price of a share of our Common Stock on December 31, 2010 times the number of units.

<sup>(2)</sup> As indicated above, effective January 3, 2011 pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement between us and Mr. MacInnis, his change of control agreement terminated, and if his employment thereafter terminates he will not be entitled, under a change of control agreement, to any payment, benefits continuation, outplacement, or compensation for additional taxation. The amount to which he would be entitled as a cash payment in respect of LTIP Performance Based Cash Awards if such termination took place on or after January 4, 2011 would be limited as described on page 30 above under Long Term Incentive Plan.

## DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The following Table sets forth certain information with respect to the compensation of our non-employee directors for fiscal year 2010. Mr. MacInnis, our Chairman of the Board, and until January 3, 2011 our Chief Executive Officer, and Mr. Guzzi, our President and Chief Executive Officer, received no additional compensation for serving on the Board.

### Director Compensation for Fiscal Year 2010

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) (a)	Stock Awards (\$) (f)	Option Awards (\$) (f)	All Other Compensation (g)	Total (\$)
Stephen W. Bershad .....	\$70,000 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	\$305,990	—	\$375,990
David A.B. Brown .....	\$70,000 <sup>(c)</sup>	—	\$305,990	434	\$376,424
Larry J. Bump .....	\$60,000	—	\$305,990	2,124	\$368,114
Albert Fried, Jr. ....	\$60,000	\$48,000	\$244,443	1,343	\$353,786
Richard F. Hamm, Jr. ....	\$70,000 <sup>(d)</sup>	\$48,000	\$244,443	1,725	\$364,168
David H. Laidley .....	\$65,000 <sup>(e)</sup>	\$48,000	\$244,443	1,794	\$359,237
Jerry E. Ryan .....	\$60,000	\$48,000	\$244,443	—	\$352,443
Michael T. Yonker .....	\$60,000	\$48,000	\$244,443	1,155	\$353,598

<sup>(a)</sup> Each non-employee director received in 2010 an annual retainer of \$60,000 in cash and \$40,000 in equity as discussed below.

<sup>(b)</sup> For serving as a member of the Audit Committee, Mr. Bershad receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000 and for serving as Chairman of the Compensation Committee, he receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000.

<sup>(c)</sup> For serving as Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Brown receives an additional annual fee of \$10,000.

<sup>(d)</sup> For serving as a member of the Audit Committee, Mr. Hamm receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000 and for serving as Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee, he receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000.

<sup>(e)</sup> For serving as a member of the Audit Committee, Mr. Laidley receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000.

<sup>(f)</sup> The stock awards and option awards represent aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. See Note 14 to our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 included in our Form 10-K for that year for the assumptions we made in the computation of the value of the option awards. Messrs. Fried, Hamm, Laidley, Ryan and Yonker in 2010 each received one stock award with a grant date fair value of \$48,000 and one option award with a grant date fair value of \$244,443. Messrs. Bershad, Brown and Bump each received two option awards in 2010, one with a grant date fair value of \$61,547 and the other with a grant date fair value of \$244,443.

<sup>(g)</sup> The amounts reported in this column represent reimbursement for taxes for the incremental cost of the spouse of the director accompanying him to one weekend Board meeting.

As of December 31, 2010 each of the above-named directors held outstanding options granted to him by us to acquire the following number of shares of our Common Stock: Stephen W. Bershad, 207,232 shares; David A.B. Brown, 187,232 shares; Larry J. Bump, 127,232 shares; Albert Fried, Jr., 213,991 shares; Richard F. Hamm, Jr., 140,000 shares; David H. Laidley, 57,252 shares; Jerry E. Ryan, 85,585 shares; and Michael T. Yonker, 195,585 shares. In addition, as of that date Messrs. Fried, Hamm, Laidley, Ryan and Yonker each held an award for 861 shares of our Common Stock that vested in January 2011, pursuant to a stock award in respect of his 2010 annual retainer.

As indicated in Note (a) to the above Table, for 2010, the annual retainer for each non-employee director was \$100,000. Of this amount, \$60,000 was payable in cash and \$40,000 was payable in options awarded under our 2007 Incentive Plan or in shares of Common Stock under our 2007 Incentive Plan, as each director chose. In addition, for 2010 the Chairman of the Audit Committee received an annual fee of \$10,000 and each other member of the Audit Committee received an annual fee of \$5,000. An annual fee of \$5,000 was also paid to the Chairman of the Compensation Committee and the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

For 2010, in respect of the equity component of the annual retainer for non-employee directors, five directors elected to receive shares under our 2007 Incentive Plan, of which 861 shares were delivered on the first business day in January 2010 and 861 shares were delivered on the first business

day in January 2011, and three directors chose for 2010 to receive options under the 2007 Incentive Plan. Each director electing to receive options was awarded on January 4, 2010 an option with a five year term to purchase 5,241 shares at a per share option price of \$27.88 per share, the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange of a share of our Common Stock on that day. One-quarter of the option became exercisable on the grant date and one-quarter on the first day of each of the three succeeding calendar quarters.

In addition, each non-employee director was granted on June 11, 2010 an option under our 2010 Incentive Plan to purchase 20,000 shares of our Common Stock upon his reelection to the Board at our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders with an option exercise price of \$24.48 per share, equal to the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange of a share of our Common Stock on the grant date. The options became exercisable on their grant date and may be exercised during a ten year term at any time or from time to time.

### **COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION**

During 2010, the Compensation Committee was responsible for matters concerning executive compensation.

Messrs. Bershad, Bump, Fried, Laidley, Ryan, and Yonker served as members of the Compensation Committee during 2010.

No member of the Compensation Committee:

- was at any time during 2010 an officer or employee of us or any of our subsidiaries;
- was formerly an officer of us or any of our subsidiaries; or
- has or had any relationship requiring disclosure by us under any paragraph of Item 404 of Regulation S-K of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### **COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT**

The following is the report of the Compensation and Personnel Committee for the year ended December 31, 2010.

We have reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Proxy Statement with EMCOR's management.

Based on the review and discussions referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph, we recommended to EMCOR's Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement and be incorporated by reference into the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

By: Compensation and Personnel Committee

Stephen W. Bershad, Chairman  
Larry J. Bump  
Albert Fried, Jr.  
David H. Laidley  
Jerry E. Ryan  
Michael T. Yonker

## AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The following is the report of the Audit Committee with respect to the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010, included in EMCOR's annual report on Form 10-K for that year.

We have reviewed and discussed such audited financial statements with management and the Company's independent auditors, Ernst & Young LLP.

We have discussed with Ernst & Young LLP the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 114 (AICPA, Professional Standards, Vol. 1 AU Section 380), as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T.

We have received the written disclosures and letter from Ernst & Young LLP required by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Ethics and Independence Rule 3526, "Communications with Audit Committees Concerning Independence" and have discussed with Ernst & Young LLP that firm's independence from EMCOR. The Audit Committee has also concluded that the provision to EMCOR by Ernst & Young LLP of audit and non-audit services, as described under the Table of Fees on page 44 in the Section entitled "Ratification of Appointment of Independent Auditors" of its Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Stockholder to be held June 1, 2011, is compatible with the independence of Ernst & Young LLP.

Based on the review and discussions referred to above in this report, we recommended to EMCOR's Board that the audited financial statements be included in EMCOR's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

By: Audit Committee

David A. B. Brown, Chairman  
 Stephen W. Bershad  
 Richard F. Hamm, Jr.  
 David H. Laidley

## SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following Table sets forth as of April 6, 2011 certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our Common Stock by each person or group known by us to be a beneficial owner of more than five percent of the outstanding shares of our Common Stock.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent Owned
BlackRock, Inc. 40 East 52nd Street New York, New York 10022.....	5,039,136 <sup>(1)</sup>	7.5%
The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Boulevard Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355.....	3,744,979 <sup>(2)</sup>	5.6%
FMR LLC and Edward C. Johnson 3 <sup>rd</sup> 82 Devonshire Street Boston, Massachusetts 02109.....	3,612,346 <sup>(3)</sup>	5.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on a Schedule 13G Information Statement filed by BlackRock, Inc. The Schedule 13G discloses that BlackRock, Inc. has sole voting power and sole dispositive power of such shares.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on a Schedule 13G Information Statement filed by The Vanguard Group, which we refer to as "Vanguard". The Schedule 13G discloses that Vanguard has sole voting power of 104,237 of such shares and sole disposition power of 3,640,742 of such shares and shared dispositive power of 104,237 of such shares. It also states that Vanguard Fiduciary Trust Company, which we refer to as "VFTC", is the beneficial owner of 104,237 shares as a result of it serving as investment manager of collective trust accounts and that VFTC directs the voting of these shares.

<sup>(3)</sup> Based on a Schedule 13G Information Statement filed by FMR LLC ("FMR") and Edward C. Johnson, 3<sup>rd</sup> ("Mr. Johnson") (collectively, the "Reporting Persons"). The Schedule 13G Information Statement discloses that the Reporting Persons own

beneficially 3,612,346 shares, have sole power to vote or to direct the vote of 758,150 of such shares, and sole power to dispose or to direct the disposition of the 3,612,346 shares. The Schedule 13G also discloses that Fidelity Management & Research Company (“Fidelity”), a wholly owned subsidiary of FMR and an investment adviser, is the beneficial owner of 2,784,096 of such 3,612,346 shares as a result of acting as investment adviser to various investment companies (“Funds”) and that Mr. Johnson, Chairman of FMR, and FMR, through its control of Fidelity, and the Funds, each has sole power to dispose of the 2,784,096 shares owned by the Funds, that neither FMR nor Mr. Johnson has sole power to vote or direct the voting of such 2,784,096 shares, that Pyramis Global Advisors, LLC (“Pyramis”), a subsidiary of FRM and an investment adviser, is the beneficial owner of 12,910 of such 3,612,346 shares, that Mr. Johnson and FMR, through its control of Pyramis, each has sole dispositive power over the 12,910 shares and sole power to vote or to direct the voting of such 12,910 shares. In addition, Pyramis Global Advisor Trust Company (“Pyramis Trust”), an indirect subsidiary of FMR and an investment adviser, is the beneficial owner of 687,840 of such 3,612,346 shares and Mr. Johnson and FMR through its control of Pyramis Trust each has sole dispositive power over such 687,840 shares and power to vote or to direct the vote of such shares. Also, FIL Limited (“FIL”) is the beneficial owner of 127,500 of such shares, partnerships controlled predominately by members of the family of Mr. Johnson or trusts for their benefit own shares of FIL voting stock with the right to cast approximately 39% of the votes that may be cast by holders of FIL voting stock.

## SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT

The following Table sets forth as of April 6, 2011, certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our Common Stock by each of our directors, our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Financial Officer, and each of our other three most highly compensated executive officers, and all our directors and executive officers as a group, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. Except as otherwise noted, to our knowledge, each of the persons listed below has sole voting power and investment power with respect to the shares listed next to his name.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent
Frank T. MacInnis.....	1,829,457 <sup>(2)</sup>	2.7%
Stephen W. Bershad.....	209,744 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
David A.B. Brown.....	169,744 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Larry J. Bump.....	132,504 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Albert Fried, Jr.....	223,325 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Anthony J. Guzzi.....	477,860 <sup>(2) (4)</sup>	*
Richard F. Hamm, Jr.....	131,995 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
David H. Laidley.....	61,114 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Jerry E. Ryan.....	88,947 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Michael T. Yonker.....	203,413 <sup>(3)</sup>	*
Mark A. Pompa.....	367,662 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Sheldon I. Cammaker.....	479,167 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
R. Kevin Matz.....	452,246 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
All directors and executive officers as a group.....	4,827,178 <sup>(5)</sup>	6.8%

\* Represents less than 1%.

<sup>(1)</sup> The information contained in the Table reflects “beneficial ownership” as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All percentages set forth in this Table have been rounded.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes:

- in the case of Mr. MacInnis, 1,315,888 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Guzzi, 308,000 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Pompa, 318,008 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Cammaker, 427,776 shares; and
- in the case of Mr. Matz, 358,180 shares;

which shares may be acquired upon the exercise of presently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of the date hereof and granted pursuant to our stock option plans and programs.

Also includes:

- in the case of Mr. MacInnis, 75,075 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Guzzi, 70,992 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Pompa, 33,118 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Cammaker, 33,926 shares; and
- in the case of Mr. Matz, 29,328 shares;

which shares are to be issued in respect of stock units.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes:

- in the case of Mr. Bershada, 209,744 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Brown, 169,744 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Bump, 129,744 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Fried, 204,503 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Hamm, 120,000 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Laidley, 57,252 shares;
- in the case of Mr. Ryan, 85,585 shares; and
- in the case of Mr. Yonker, 195,585 shares;

which shares may be acquired upon the exercise of presently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of the date hereof and granted pursuant to our stock options plans and programs for non-employee directors.

<sup>(4)</sup> Does not include 5,790 shares owned by a trust for the benefit of Mr. Guzzi's wife and children, of which his wife and brother are trustees.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes 3,900,009 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of presently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of the date hereof and granted pursuant to our stock options plans and programs and 242,439 shares to be issued in respect of stock units.

## PROPOSAL NO. 1—ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

At our Annual Meeting, ten directors are to be elected by the holders of our Common Stock to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. To be elected as a director, each nominee must receive the favorable vote of a plurality of the shares present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote at our Annual Meeting. Information concerning the nominees for election at our Annual Meeting is set forth below. Each nominee is presently one of our directors. While the Board has no reason to believe that any of those named as a nominee for election to the Board will not be available as a candidate, should such a situation arise, the proxy may be voted for the election of other nominees in the discretion of the persons acting pursuant to the proxy.

**Frank T. MacInnis**, Age 64. Mr. MacInnis has been Chairman of the Board since April 1994 and our Chief Executive Officer from April 1994 to January 3, 2011. He is currently an employee of the Company with principal duties to advise Mr. Guzzi, who succeeded Mr. MacInnis as our Chief Executive Officer. Mr. MacInnis also served as our President from April 1994 to April 1997 and from February 2004 to October 2004. Mr. MacInnis is also Chairman of the Board of Directors of The Williams Companies, Inc. and a member of the board of directors of ITT Inc. Mr. MacInnis' long career in the electrical contracting and pipeline industries, including over 17 years with the Company, has provided him with in-depth knowledge of all sectors in which the Company is involved. As one of two management representatives on the Board, in Board discussions, he provides management's perspective about our Company's business and strategic direction.

**Stephen W. Bershada**, Age 69. Mr. Bershada is a private investor. In addition, since July, 2010 he also has been Chairman of the Board of Directors of GSI Group Inc., a supplier of laser based solutions and precision motion control systems to the global medical, electronics, and industrial markets. Until September 2009, and for more than five years prior thereto, he had been Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Axsys Technologies, Inc. He has been one of our directors since December 15, 1994. From 1986 to September 2009 Mr. Bershada was a member of the Board of

Directors of Axsys. As a senior executive with Lehman Brothers for more than 15 years and the Chief Executive Officer of Axsys for more than 20 years, Mr. Bershad has an invaluable background in investment banking, finance, and business.

**David A.B. Brown**, Age 67. Mr. Brown has been Chairman of the Board of Directors of Pride International, Inc. since May 2005 and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Layne Christensen Company since June 2005. Pride International is a leading provider of offshore contract drilling and related services to oil and natural gas companies worldwide. Layne Christensen provides drilling services and related products and services in the principal markets of water resources, mineral exploration, geo construction, and energy. For more than five years prior to May 2005, Mr. Brown was president of The Windsor Group, a management consulting firm of which he was a co-founder. He has been one of our directors since December 15, 1994. From 2001 to 2006, Mr. Brown was a member of the Board of Directors of Mission Resources, Inc., and from 2000 to 2007, he was a director of NS Group, Inc. In addition, from 2000 to 2007 he was a director of Petrohawk Energy Corp. Mr. Brown, who also is a chartered accountant, has a broad breadth of knowledge regarding finance and varied businesses gathered over many years as a business consultant, particularly in the oil and gas sector in which the Company has many interests, and as a director of several public companies, including chairman of the board of two public companies.

**Larry J. Bump**, Age 71. Mr. Bump, a private investor, was Chairman of the Board of Directors of Willbros Group, Inc. (“Willbros”), an international engineering and construction company from 1981 until May 2004. From 1977 to 1980, he was President and Chief Operating Officer of Willbros and from 1980 until 2002, when he retired, he was Chief Executive Officer of that company. Mr. Bump has been one of our directors since February 27, 2003. Mr. Bump has had a long career as a senior executive officer of Willbros, serving Willbros both in the United States and abroad. As such, he has broad knowledge of the engineering, construction, and oil and gas industries in which the Company has extensive interests and has increased the depth of the Board’s international experience.

**Albert Fried, Jr.**, Age 81. Mr. Fried has been managing member of Albert Fried & Company, LLC, a broker/dealer and member of the New York Stock Exchange, since 1955. He has been one of our directors since December 15, 1994. Mr. Fried’s long involvement with finance provides the Company with a keen insight into the capital markets.

**Anthony J. Guzzi**, Age 46. Mr. Guzzi has been our President since October 2004 and from October 2004 to January 3, 2011 our Chief Operating Officer. On January 3, 2011 he succeeded Mr. MacInnis as our Chief Executive Officer. From August 2001, until he joined the Company he was President of the North American Distribution and Aftermarket Division of Carrier Corporation, a manufacturer and distributor of commercial and residential HVAC and refrigeration systems and equipment and a provider of aftermarket services and components of its own products and those of other manufacturers in both the HVAC and refrigeration industry. Mr. Guzzi was elected to the Board on December 15, 2009. Mr. Guzzi is also a director of Hubbell International, Inc. Mr. Guzzi, who has served as our President and Chief Operating Officer for more than five years, has extensive knowledge of the Company’s business and, as a senior executive officer of Carrier Corporation, has extensive knowledge of the mechanical services business which accounts for a significant portion of the Company’s revenues and profits.

**Richard F. Hamm, Jr.**, Age 51. Mr. Hamm has been an Executive Vice President, of Dendreon Corporation, which we refer to as “Dendreon”, a biotechnology company developing targeted therapies for the treatment of cancer, since December 2010 as well as its General Counsel and Secretary since November 2004. He also served as a Senior Vice President of Dendreon from November 2004 to December 2010. From April 2002 until November 2004, he was Deputy General Counsel and a vice president of Medtronic, Inc., a medical technology company. Mr. Hamm has been one of our directors since June 19, 1998. From August 2000 to September 2009, Mr. Hamm was a member of the board of directors of Axsys Technology Inc. As a corporate executive, including serving as Chief Financial Officer of Dendreon for a period of time, and a practicing attorney for over 25 years, with a masters degree in business administration, Mr. Hamm has a broad knowledge of many industries with proven business acumen and a strong background in finance.

**David H. Laidley**, Age 64. Mr. Laidley is Chairman Emeritus of Deloitte & Touche LLP (Canada), which we refer to as “Deloitte-Canada”, a professional services firm providing audit, tax, financial advisory and consulting services, where he was a partner from 1975 until his retirement in 2007 specializing in tax and audit services. He served as Chairman of Deloitte-Canada from 2000 to 2006. Mr. Laidley was first elected to our Board on December 15, 2008. Mr. Laidley is a director of Groupe Aeroplan, Inc. and ProSep Inc., both of which are companies whose stock is traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange, and a director of the Bank of Canada. From 2008 to 2010, Mr. Laidley was a member of the Board of Directors of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc., formerly named Biovail Corporation. With more than 40 years of experience in the accounting field dealing with businesses in many industries, Mr. Laidley’s background provides a strong financial foundation for Board deliberations and a keen knowledge of many industry sectors.

**Jerry E. Ryan**, Age 68. Mr. Ryan, who is retired, served, from January 2000 through December 2002, as a consultant to Fintube Technologies, Inc., a manufacturer of large heat recovery steam generators utilized in the electrical power generating industry and heavy welded finned tubes used in a variety of heat recovery operations and a subsidiary of Lone Star Technologies, Inc. Mr. Ryan served as Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the general partner of Fintube Limited Partnership from 1985 until its sale to Lone Star Technologies, Inc. in January 2000. He has been one of our directors since December 15, 2007. As an entrepreneur for more than 40 years, Mr. Ryan has an extensive background in business and manufacturing operations, and in-depth knowledge of the heat exchanger business in which the Company has a significant investment. Mr. Ryan also served on the Boards of Directors of Lone Star Technologies from 2000 to 2007, AAON, Inc. from 2001 to 2007, and Global Power Equipment Group from 2002 to 2008.

**Michael T. Yonker**, Age 68. For more than nine years prior to his retirement in June 1998, Mr. Yonker was President and Chief Executive Officer of Portec, Inc., a diversified industrial products company with operations in the construction equipment, materials handling and railroad products industries. He has been one of our directors since October 25, 2002. Mr. Yonker is also a director of Modine Manufacturing Company and Woodward Governor Company. Having served as Chief Executive Officer of Portec, Inc. and a senior executive officer of other companies, Mr. Yonker has a depth of business experience.

## **RECOMMENDATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors recommends a vote “FOR” the election of each of the above nominees.

## **PROPOSAL NO. 2—NON-BINDING ADVISORY VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The following resolution gives our stockholders the opportunity to vote to approve or not approve, on a non-binding advisory basis, the compensation of our named executive officers. This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers and our compensation philosophy, policies and practices, as disclosed in the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis,” executive compensation tables, and accompanying narrative disclosures in this proxy statement. We are providing this vote as required by Section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

As discussed previously in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section beginning on page 10, the objectives of our compensation program for our named executive officers are to attract, retain, and motivate key executives with skills necessary to assure our long-term success. Broadly stated, the purpose of the key components of the program that are geared to both our short-term and long-term performance insofar as they relate to named executive officers are:

- to reward named executive officers’ expertise and experience;
- to reward named executive officers’ performance that drives achievement of our short-term and long-term goals by providing a strong link between pay and performance; and
- to align named executive officers’ compensation with the interests of our stockholders by paying a significant portion of incentive awards in equity.

Accordingly, we ask our stockholders to vote “FOR” the following resolution at the Annual Meeting:

“RESOLVED, that the stockholders of EMCOR Group, Inc. (“EMCOR”) approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of EMCOR’s named executive officers, as described in the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis,” executive compensation tables and accompanying narrative disclosures in EMCOR’s proxy statement for the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.”

While we intend to carefully consider the voting results of this proposal, the final vote is advisory in nature and therefore not binding on us, our Board of Directors or its Compensation and Personnel Committee. Our Board and its Compensation and Personnel Committee value the opinions of all of our stockholders and will consider the outcome of this vote when making future compensation decisions for our named executive officers.

#### **RECOMMENDATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors recommends a vote “FOR” the adoption of the above resolution indicating approval of the compensation of our named executive officers.

#### **PROPOSAL NO. 3—NON-BINDING ADVISORY VOTE ON THE FREQUENCY OF THE STOCKHOLDER VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The following proposal gives our stockholders the opportunity to vote, on an advisory basis, on the frequency with which we include in our proxy statement an advisory vote, similar to Item 2 above, to approve or not approve the compensation of our named executive officers. By voting on this proposal, stockholders may indicate whether they prefer that we seek such an advisory vote every one, two, or three years. Pursuant to section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, we are required to hold at least once every six years an advisory stockholder vote to determine the frequency of the advisory stockholder vote on executive compensation.

After careful consideration of this proposal, our Board of Directors determined that an advisory vote on executive compensation that occurs EVERY YEAR is the most appropriate alternative for our Company.

You may cast your vote on your preferred voting frequency by selecting the option of holding an advisory vote on executive compensation “every one, two or three years,” or you may “ABSTAIN.” Your vote is not intended to approve or disapprove the recommendation of the Board of Directors. If a preference for a choice other than one year receives the most votes, our Board will take the voting results into consideration in determining how frequently we will present you with an advisory vote on executive compensation.

While we intend to carefully consider the voting results of this proposal, the final vote is advisory in nature and therefore not binding on us, our Board of Directors or its Compensation and Personnel Committee. Our Board and its Compensation and Personnel Committee value the opinions of all of our stockholders and will consider the outcome of this vote when making future decisions on the frequency with which we will hold an advisory vote on executive compensation.

#### **RECOMMENDATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors recommends that an advisory vote on executive compensation be held EVERY YEAR.

#### **PROPOSAL NO. 4—RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

The Audit Committee, which is comprised entirely of independent directors, has appointed Ernst & Young LLP, certified public accountants, as our independent auditors for 2011, subject to ratification by stockholders, and presents this selection to the stockholders for ratification. Ernst & Young LLP has acted as our independent auditors since May 14, 2002.

Representatives of Ernst & Young LLP are expected to be present at our Annual Meeting to respond to appropriate questions and will have an opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so.

**Fees**

The aggregate fees for professional services rendered to the Company by Ernst & Young LLP for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

Services Provided	Fee Amount	
	2010	2009
Audit Fees <sup>(1)</sup> .....	\$4,382,058	\$3,842,379
Audit Related Fees <sup>(2)</sup> .....	111,745	120,507
Tax Fees <sup>(3)</sup> .....	29,175	152,757
All Other Fees <sup>(4)</sup> .....	16,900	26,995
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>\$4,539,878</b>	<b>\$4,142,638</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fees in connection with the annual audit of the Company’s annual financial statements, including attestation on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting, the issuance of consents with respect to Registration Statements on Forms S-8, reviews of the financial statements included in the Company’s quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and statutory audits.

<sup>(2)</sup> Fees rendered for employee benefit plan audits.

<sup>(3)</sup> Fees for services related to tax compliance, including consulting services, the preparation of tax returns and tax planning.

<sup>(4)</sup> Software subscriptions and in 2010, only, fees for consulting services in connection with XBRL implementation and in 2009, only, fees for advisory services relating to government cost accounting services.

**Audit Committee Pre-Approval Procedures**

The 2010 and 2009 audit and non-audit services provided by Ernst & Young LLP were approved by the Audit Committee. The non-audit services, which were approved by the Audit Committee, were also reviewed by the Audit Committee to ensure compatibility with maintaining the auditors’ independence.

The Audit Committee has implemented pre-approval policies and procedures related to the provision of audit and non-audit services. Under these procedures, the Audit Committee pre-approves both the type of services to be provided by Ernst & Young LLP and the estimated fees related to those services. During the approval process, the Audit Committee considers the impact of the types of services and the related fees on the independence of the auditors. The services and fees must be deemed compatible with the maintenance of the auditors’ independence, including compliance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee may pre-approve permissible services that arise between Audit Committee meetings provided that the decision to pre-approve services is reported at the next scheduled Audit Committee meeting.

**ADOPTION OF PROPOSAL NO. 4**

We believe that our best interests will be served by the approval of Proposal No. 4. If our stockholders fail to ratify the selection, the Audit Committee will reconsider whether or not to retain Ernst & Young LLP. Even if the selection is ratified, the Audit Committee in its discretion may direct the appointment of a different certified public accounting firm at any time during the year if it is determined that such a change would be in our and our stockholders’ best interests.

Approval of Proposal No. 4 requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of our Common Stock represented at the Annual Meeting and entitled to vote thereon.

**RECOMMENDATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors recommends a vote “FOR” the ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company’s independent auditors for 2011.

## INTERESTED TRANSACTIONS

Effective as of the close of business January 3, 2011, Frank T. MacInnis resigned as our Chief Executive Officer. Pursuant to a separation agreement dated May 25, 2010 between us and Mr. MacInnis, he will serve as an employee of the Company acting as an advisor to the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer through December 31, 2011, at which time Mr. MacInnis will retire from the Company. Mr. MacInnis' annual salary is \$320,000 and he continues to participate in the Company's health and welfare benefits and 401(k) plan generally available to employees, but as of January 4, 2011 he ceased to be entitled to perquisites that he enjoyed as an executive officer. The Company and Mr. MacInnis also agreed that notwithstanding his retirement on December 31, 2011 after reaching age 65 any amounts payable to him under the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") in respect of the 2009 – 2011 measurement period shall be 2/3 of the amount he would otherwise be entitled to under the terms of the LTIP and in respect of the 2010 – 2012 measurement period shall be 1/3 of the amount he would otherwise be entitled to under the LTIP. Because Mr. MacInnis is retiring on December 31, 2011 after he reaches age 65, in accordance with the terms of the LTIP, stock units granted to him in January 2009 and January 2010 will vest on December 31, 2011 and the shares issuable in respect thereof will be issued to him six months thereafter. The agreement also provides that effective December 31, 2010 Mr. MacInnis shall no longer be entitled to additional awards under the LTIP, that his change of control agreement with the Company terminated as of that date and that his severance agreement with the Company terminated as of that date other than provisions relating to non-competition and confidentiality.

Mr. MacInnis owns a majority of the equity of ComNet Communications, LLC, a provider of turnkey voice, data, and video infrastructure support. During 2010 ComNet retained a subsidiary of the Company to act as a subcontractor to it in connection with the installation of electrical systems for a ComNet project. ComNet paid our subsidiary \$422,322 for services provided in connection with the project. The amount that our subsidiary was paid by ComNet was based on arms-length negotiations. All the members of our Board (other than Mr. MacInnis, who did not participate in the decision) approved our subsidiary entering into the transaction with ComNet. Mr. MacInnis played no role in the decision by ComNet to retain our subsidiary as a ComNet subcontractor or in the decision of our subsidiary to act as a subcontractor to ComNet or in the negotiation of the price to be paid our subsidiary for its work.

## SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of change in ownership of our Common Stock and other equity securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission and to furnish copies of such statements to us.

To our knowledge and based solely upon a review of such reports, during the year 2010 all such reports relating to share ownership were timely filed.

## OTHER MATTERS

**Stockholder Proposals.** Stockholders' proposals must be received by us at our headquarters in Norwalk, Connecticut on or before December 23, 2011 in order to be considered for inclusion in next year's proxy statement.

Our bylaws set forth advance notice provisions and procedures to be followed by stockholders who wish to bring business before an annual meeting of stockholders, whether or not such stockholder wishes the matter to be considered for inclusion in our Proxy Statement, or who wish to nominate candidates for election to the Board. A stockholder may propose business to be included in the agenda of an annual meeting only if written notice of such stockholder's intent is given to our Corporate Secretary:

- not earlier than 90 days nor later than 60 days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the immediately preceding annual meeting; or

- if the date of the annual meeting occurs more than 30 days before or 60 days after the anniversary of such immediately preceding annual meeting, not later than the close of business on the later of (a) the sixtieth day prior to such annual meeting and (b) the tenth day following the date on which a public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

Each such notice must set forth certain background and other information specified in the bylaws, including a description of the proposed business and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting.

A stockholder may nominate candidates for election to the Board at an annual meeting only if written notice of such stockholder's intent to make such nomination is given to our Corporate Secretary:

- not earlier than 90 days nor later than 60 days in advance of the anniversary of the date of the immediately preceding annual meeting; or
- if the date of the annual meeting occurs more than 30 days before or 60 days after the anniversary of such immediately preceding annual meeting, not later than the close of business on the later of (a) the sixtieth day prior to such annual meeting and (b) the tenth day following the date on which a public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

Each such notice must set forth certain background and other information specified in the bylaws.

The time limits described above also apply in determining whether notice is timely for purposes of Rule 14a-4(c)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 relating to exercise of discretionary voting authority, and are separate from and in addition to the Securities and Exchange Commission's requirements that a stockholder must meet to have a proposal included in our proxy statement.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

We will bear the cost of soliciting proxies. We expect to solicit proxies primarily by mail. Proxies also may be solicited personally and by telephone by some of our officers and regular employees. We have retained D.F. King & Co., Inc. for solicitation of all brokers and nominees for a fee of \$9,500, plus customary out-of-pocket expenses. We may reimburse brokers and other nominees for their expenses in communicating with the persons for whom they hold Common Stock.

The Board is aware of no other matters that are to be presented to the stockholders for formal action at our Annual Meeting. If, however, any other matters properly come before the meeting or any adjournments thereof, it is the intention of the persons named in the enclosed proxy to vote in accordance with their judgment on such matters.

**Upon the written request of any stockholder of record on April 6, 2011, a copy of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (excluding exhibits) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission will be supplied without charge. Requests should be directed to Sheldon I. Cammaker, Corporate Secretary, EMCOR Group, Inc., 301 Merritt Seven, Norwalk, Connecticut 06851.**

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SHELDON I. CAMMAKER

*Corporate Secretary*

April 21, 2011

**Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Annual Meeting**

**We have sent or are sending the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, which indicates that this Notice of 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement and our 2010 Annual Report will be made available at [www.proxyvote.com](http://www.proxyvote.com). If you wish to receive paper or e-mail copies of any of these materials, please follow the instructions on your Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials. These materials are also available on our website at [www.emcorgroup.com/proxyannualreport](http://www.emcorgroup.com/proxyannualreport).**

**EMCOR GROUP, INC.****STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

It is the policy of the Board of Directors that a substantial majority of Directors be independent of the Company and of the Company's management. For a Director to be deemed "independent," the Board shall affirmatively determine that the Director has no material relationship with the Company (either directly or as a partner, stockholder or officer of an entity that has a relationship with the Company). This determination shall be disclosed in the proxy statement for each annual meeting of the Company's stockholders. In making this determination, the Board shall apply the following standards:

- A Director who is an employee, or whose immediate family member is an executive officer, of the Company shall not be deemed independent until three years after the end of such employment relationship.
- A Director who receives, or whose immediate family member receives, more than \$100,000 per year in direct compensation from the Company, other than director and committee fees and pension or other forms of deferred compensation for prior service (provided such compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service), shall not be deemed independent until three years after he or she ceases to receive more than \$100,000 in such compensation.
- A Director who is affiliated with or employed by, or whose immediate family member is affiliated with or employed in a professional capacity by, a present or former internal or external auditor of the Company shall not be deemed independent until three years after the end of the affiliation or the employment or auditing relationship.
- A Director who is employed, or whose immediate family member is employed, as an executive officer of another company where any of the Company's current executive officers serve on that company's compensation committee shall not be deemed independent until three years after the end of such service or the employment relationship.
- A Director who is a significant equity holder, an executive officer, general partner, or employee, or whose immediate family member is a significant equity holder, an executive officer or general partner, of any entity that makes payments to, or receives payments from, the Company for property or services in an amount which, in any single fiscal year of such entity, exceeds 2% of such other entity's consolidated gross revenues, shall not be deemed independent until three years after falling below such threshold.
- A Director who is a significant equity holder, an executive officer, general partner or employee, or whose immediate family member is a significant equity holder, an executive officer or general partner, of an entity to which the Company was indebted at the end of the Company's fiscal year in an aggregate amount in excess of 2% of the Company's total consolidated assets at the end of such fiscal year, shall not be deemed independent until three years after falling below such threshold.
- A Director who is a significant equity holder, an executive officer, general partner or employee, or whose immediate family member is a significant equity holder, an executive officer or partner, of an entity which was indebted to the Company at the end of such entity's fiscal year in an aggregate amount in excess of 2% of such entity's total consolidated assets at the end of such fiscal year, shall not be deemed independent until three years after falling below such threshold.
- A Director who is, or whose immediate family member is, an executive officer (or who serves in a comparable position) of a tax-exempt entity that receives significant contributions (i.e. more than \$200,000 or more than 2% of the annual contributions received by the entity in a single fiscal year of the tax-exempt entity, whichever amount is lower) from the Company, any executive officer or any immediate family member of an executive officer

shall not be deemed independent until three years after falling below such threshold, unless such contributions were approved in advance by the Board of Directors.

For purposes of these Guidelines, the term:

- “immediate family” includes a person’s spouse, parents, children, siblings, mothers and fathers-in-law, sons and daughters-in-law, brothers and sisters-in-law and anyone (other than domestic employees) sharing a person’s home, but excluding any person who is no longer an immediate family member as a result of legal separation or divorce, or death or incapacitation.
- “Company” includes any parent or subsidiary in a consolidated group with the Company.
- “significant” equity holder of an entity means a holder of 10% or more of such entity’s equity.

The Board shall undertake an annual review of the independence of all non-employee Directors. In advance of the meeting at which this review occurs, each non-employee Director shall be asked to provide the Board with full information regarding the Director’s business and other relationships with the Company to enable the Board to evaluate the Director’s independence.

Directors have an affirmative obligation to inform the Board of any material changes in their circumstances or relationships that may impact their designation by the Board as “independent.” This obligation includes all business relationships between, on the one hand, Directors or members of their immediate family, and, on the other hand, the Company.

